Global State of Metropolis

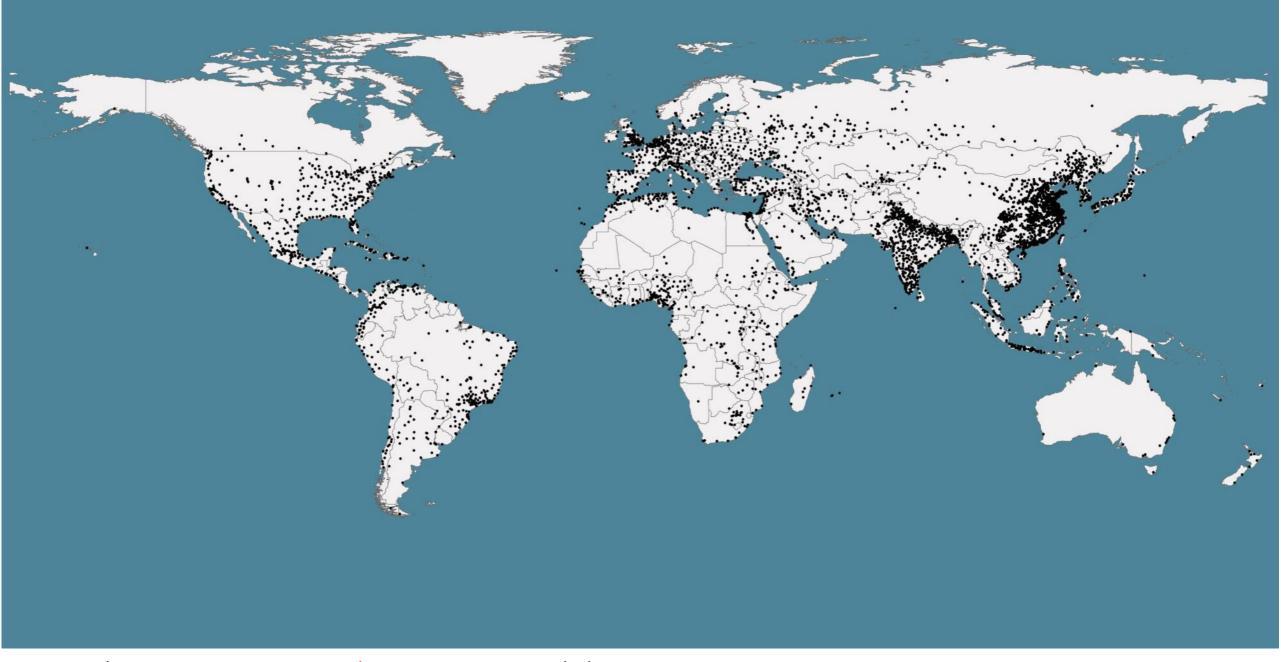
April 29, 2020.



Why a global state of metropolis?
 The Report & the process.

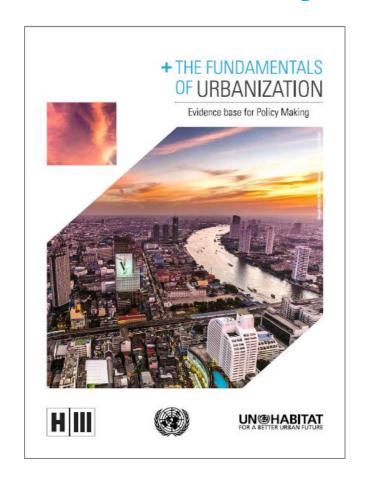
WHY A GLOBALSTATE OF METROPOLIS?







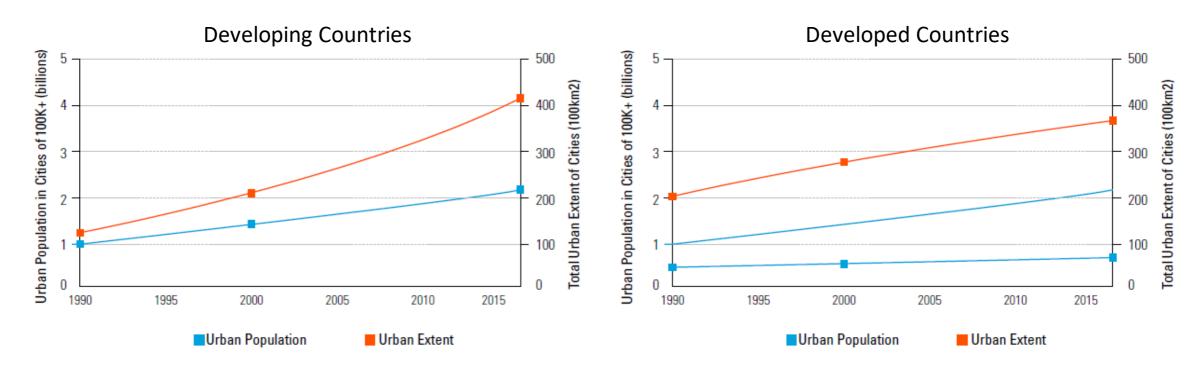
Fundamentals of Urbanization HABITAT3 Report





The UN Sample of 200 Cities (2016).

Urban extension has surpassed urban population growth



Between 1990 and 2015, the area occupied by cities in Developed Countries increased 1.8-fold, while their population only increased by 1.2-fold. Meanwhile, the area occupied by cities in Developing Countries increased 3.5-fold and their populations doubled.





HABITAT3 Thematic Meeting on Metropolitan Areas (2015)



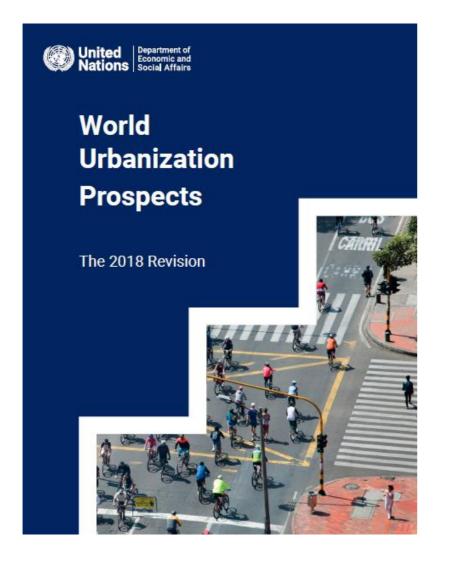


Paragraph 90. 96 115 116 117 144 156





UN Urbanization Prospects 2018



UN WUP 2018 classify urban population by agglomerated and non-agglomerated urban territories.

UN-Habitat Global Database of Metropolises 2020 compiles several urban agglomerations' data sheets from the WUP 2018. Specifically, following datasets were used:

- Files 3, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17a, 18.
- Sources for Urban Agglomerations and Capital Cities.

UN-Habitat Global Database of Metropolises available in https://drive.google.com/open?id=1oWF7SMJW7rrXhb8-SUO3d35blxZaKacN





The World's Metropolises in 2020

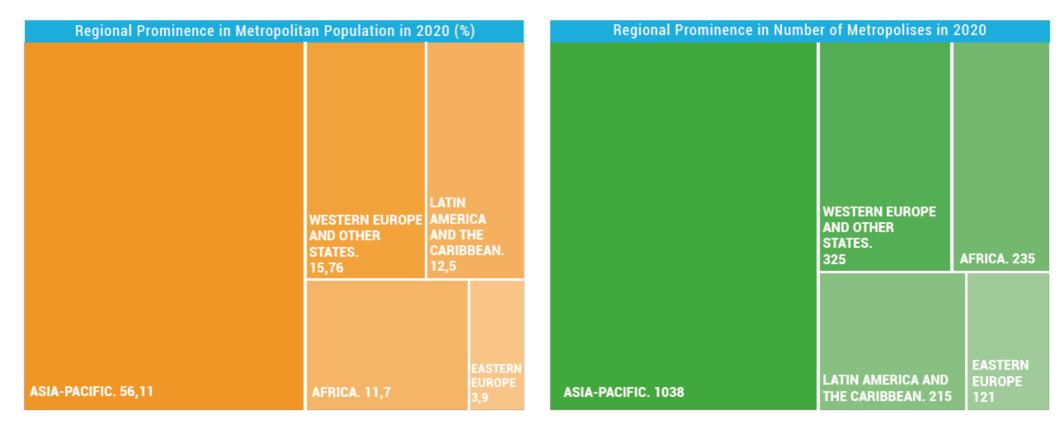
In 2020 there are 1934 metropolises with more than 300,000 inhabitants representing approximately 60% of the world's urban population.

At least 2.59 billion people lived in metropolises in 2020 equivalent to one third of the world's population.

34 metropolises have surpassed 10 million inhabitants; while 51 have population from 5 to 10 million; 494 from 1 to 5 million; and 1355 from 300,000 to 1 million.



Asia-Pacific is the Regional Group with largest prominence in metropolitan figures while Eastern Europe is its opposite

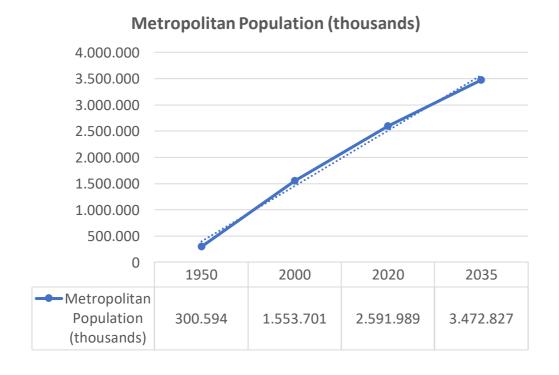


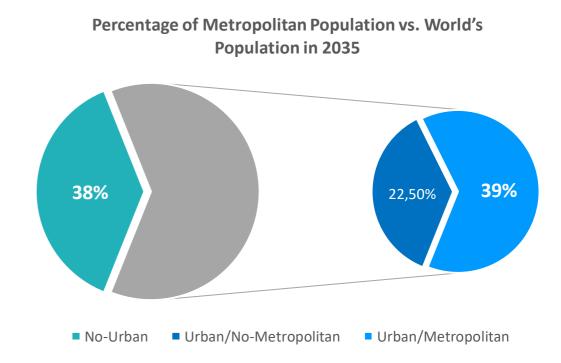
Asia-Pacific accounts for the **56% of the world's metropolitan population** living in 1038 metropolises while Eastern Europe accounts for **121 metropolises** in which the 3,9% of the world's metropolitan population lives.





Metropolitan population will grow rapidly





It is projected that the number of **people living in metropolises in 2035 will increase to 3.47 billion** representing 39% of the world's population.



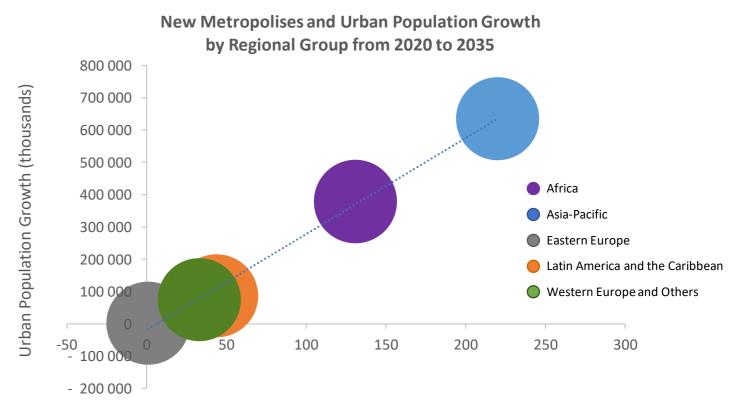


Urban population growth and new metropolises arising are related

There is a positive relationship between urban population growth and the number of new metropolises among the Regional Groups. In all regions during next 15 years there will be more metropolises if more urban population growth.

It is projected that **429 new metropolises** will arise by 2035. From them, 14 new metropolises with more than 10 million inhabitants and 22 new metropolises with population between 5 and 10 million.

A new metropolis will arise every twoweeks during next 15 years. In total, there are projected to be 2363 metropolises by 2035.





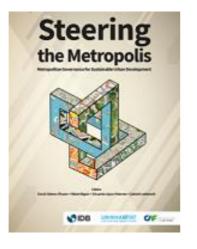


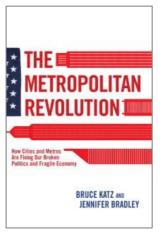


2. THE REPORT & THE PROCESS

This is not the first report on metropolises



















Theory of Change for Sustainable Urbanisation





Objective: To advance sustainable urbanization as a driver of development and peace, to improve living conditions for all.



Reduced spatial inequality and poverty in communities across the urban-rural continuum



Enhanced shared prosperity of cities and regions



Strengthened climate action and improved urban environment



Effective urban crisis prevention and response





Drivers of Change for Sustainable Urbanisation





Objective: To advance sustainable urbanization as a driver of development and peace, to improve living conditions for all.



(a) Policy and legislation



(b) Urban planning and design



(c) Governance



(d) Financing mechanisms





Integrative Approach for Metropolitan Management



METROPOLITAN MANAGEMENT





(a) Policy and legislation (b) Urban plant

(b) Urban planning and design



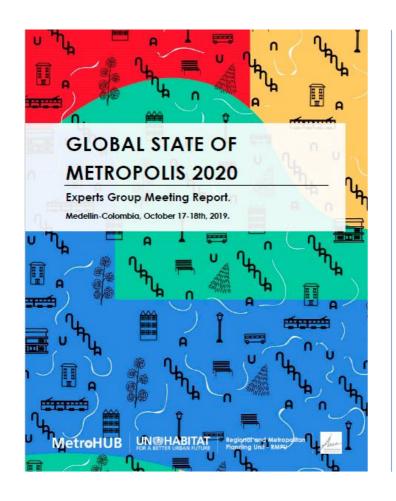


(c) Governance

(d) Financing mechanisms

SUSTAINABLE AND BALANCED TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT

Medellin's EGM (October 2019)











Medellin's EGM (October 2019)

DECLARACIÓN DE ÁREAS METROPOLITANAS ESTADO GLOBAL DE LAS METRÓPOLIS

En la Ciudad de Medellin, Colombia, los dias diecisiete y dieciocho dias del mes de octubre de dos mil diecinueve, estando presentes en REUNIÓN DE EXPERTOS "Estado Global de las Metropolis 2020" los representantes de las Áreas Metropolitanas siguientes: la Comunidad Metropolitana de Montreal (Canada), el Área Metropolitana de Barcelona (Espana), el Área Metropolitana de Canadalajara (México), el Área Metropolitana de Ensenada (México), Area Metropolitana de Ensenada (México), el Área Metropolitana de San Salvador (El Salvador), el Distrito Metropolitana de Santa Cruz de la Sierra (Belivia), el Área Metropolitana de Ganta (Madi), el Área Metropolitana del Cairo (Egipto), el Área Metropolitana del Carand Bamako (Madi), el Área Metropolitana del Carand Santa Cruz de la Sierra (Belivia), el Área Metropolitana del Calva (Metropolitana del Carand Serpolitana del Calva (Madi), el Área Metropolitana del Calva (Metropolitana del Calva (Metro

CONSIDERAMOS

En nuestra condición de socios internacionales y en concordancia con la Declaración de Montreal sobre Áreas Metropolitanas, nosotros:

- Reconocemos el papel de las regiones metropolitanas en el desarrollo sostenible, en lo
 económico social cultural y ambiental tanto de sus áreas urbanas como rurales.
- II. Somos conscientes de la necesidad de afrontar los desafios metropolitanos en términos de planeación urbana, transporte, seguridad, revitalización urbana, inclusión y cohesión social, protección del medio ambiente, agua, energia, saneamiento y cambios climáticos, que sobrepasan los limites locales y cuestionan los modelos de producción y consumo relacionados a limitados recursos.
- III. A partir de la adopción de la Nueva Agenda Urbana aprobada en la Conferencia de las Naciones Unidas sobre Vivienda y Desarrollo Urban Sostenible (Hábitat III), celebrada en Quito, y que busca fomentar el desarrollo urbano sostenible que nos compromete.
- IV. Buscamos avanzar en el logro de los objetivos y principios de instrumentos internacionales, identificando y realizando acciones hacia el logro de los Objetivos de Desarrollo Sostenible, el respeto de los Derechos Humanos de todas las personas y que buscan superar los retos sociales y económicos que enfrenta el mundo y especialmente, enfrenta los desafíos que constituyen urgencia climática.

1. We will join efforts to strengthen our metropolitan governance with emphasis on updating regulatory and metropolitan management instruments.

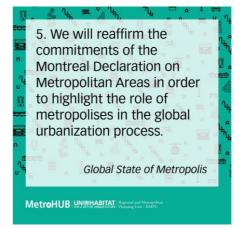
Global State of Metropolis



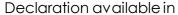


4. We recognize the role of UN-Habitat and require its technical support when necessary to strengthen metropolitan management and to advance in the sustainable development of our metropolises.

Global State of Metropolis



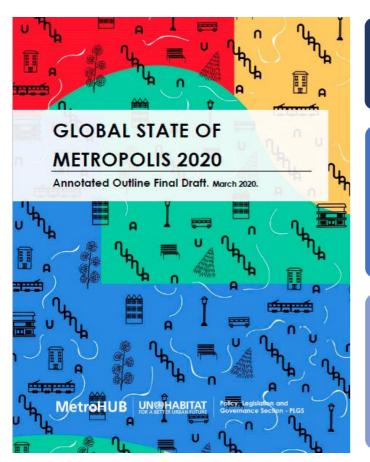








Global State of Metropolis Report Outline and structure



PART I

PART II

CHAPTER 1: Fundamentals Metropolization

CHAPTER 2: Metropolitan Policies and Legislation

CHAPTER 3: Metropolitan Planning

MetroHUB

CHAPTER 4: Metropolitan Governance

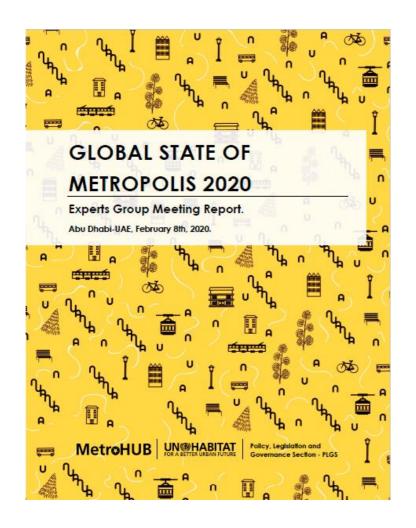
CHAPTER 5: Metropolitan Finance and **Economics**

CHAPTER 6: Case Studies





Abu Dhabi's EGM (February 2020)













Sample of Metropolises for Case Studies







Timeline January-June 2020

Data analysis and drafting

Meeting
Abu Dhabi
(WUF 10)

March

Data analysis and drafting

Data analysis and drafting

Validation of the cases and data

+ Experts Group

Bata analysis and drafting

Pata analysis and drafting

HExperts Group





Meeting

Timeline July-December 2020

----- December July ----- October International **Global Report Translation of Data analysis Drafting and** Validation of the launches and Presentation the Report and drafting cases and data compilation promotion and preparation of the Report activities **Political Statement** of policy briefs **Experts Group** of Metropolises Meeting









Policy, Legislation and **Governance Section - PLGS**