According to UN Habitat, a National Urban Policy is:

A coherent set of decisions derived through a deliberate government-led process of coordinating and rallying various actors for a common vision and goal that will promote more transformative, productive, inclusive and resilient urban development for the long term, 2014.

A National Urban Policy is a tool that can be used by government in order to direct and control urbanization. With input from the regional and local levels, a coordinated effort from the national level government through a NUP provides the best opportunity for the development of a coordinating and thorough nation-wide urban development plan.

National Urban Policy has been identified as a key tool to support the implementation and monitoring of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the New Urban Agenda. It has been identified as such due to its ability to provide structure and organization to the process of urbanization and, therefore, its value as a tool to capitalize on the opportunities of urbanization. The recognition of National Urban Policy as a key tool for the SDGs and the New Urban Agenda is demonstrated through its selection as one of ten Habitat III Policy Units. With the adoption of SDG 11, to make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable there is clear international recognition of the need for sustainable urban growth. A National Urban Policy touches on and is relevant to many of the SDGs. Most of the SDGs have clear urban dimensions. Achieving many of the goals without addressing what happens in urban areas would be difficult. In the policy paper of Policy Unit 3, the expert group recommended that: A National Urban Policy should constitute an important part of any serious attempt to implement the SDGs and should become a key instrument to measure the achievement of the SDGs. (PU3 policy paper, pg.6)

The UN Habitat National Urban Policy Database provides a global overview of the state of urban policy at the national level. The database gathers country-level data (when available) on the existence of relevant NUPs, dates of formulation, implementation, and monitoring and evaluation (as appropriate) main themes of these policies, the leading ministries and main actors, and, when possible, links to the policy documents. The aim of the database is to gather pertinent information on National Urban Policies in a central location and therefore make available a broad overview of the state of National Urban Policy globally.

The Database was developed by UN Habitat from 2014. National Urban Policies were collected, analyzed for the required information and input into the database. The information on National Urban Policies were then complimented by a range of statistical data, all of which can be useful in order contextualize the policy and can be used also during the development phase of National Urban Policy. The graphical representation of the Database presents and highlights information found in the Database for each country and is arranged into five global regions: Africa, Asia and the Pacific, Arab States, Latin America and North America and Europe. The database is a living document and will be continuously reviewed and updated in order to remain relevant and up to date.

Along with other National Urban Policy tools provided by UN Habitat and other partners, the National Urban Policy Database will assist with building a foundation of knowledge on National Urban Policy that will assist with the implementation and monitoring of National Urban Policy at the global level.
AFRICA
The focus of the policy will be to improve the inter-sectorial coordination to address urban issues and focus on key areas such as urban regional planning. The policy aims to set the vision of the country for the next 20-30 years.

The project is led by UN-Habitat and is being funded by the Government of Angola.

**GDP per capita** (2014): 6,054.1

**Population** (2016): 25,831,000

**Population growth rate** (2010-2015): 3.3%

**Inflation rate**: 34.7

**Access to improved drinking water** (urban areas): 75.4%

**Access to improved drinking water** (rural areas): 28.2%

**Forested area (% of land area)**: 46.6%

**Labour force participation by females**: 59.9%

**Labour force participation by males**: 77.2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 5.19%

**Urban population**: 44.05%

**GDP per capita (2014)**: 3.3%

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**: 7.6%

**Life expectancy at birth - females** (2010-2015): 8.8

**Life expectancy at birth - males** (2010-2015): 5.19%

**Tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 11

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 5.19%

**Labour force participation by females**: 77.2%

**Labour force participation by males**: 50.2

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 5.19%

**Inflation rate**: 7.6%

**Employment**: 44.05%

**Forested area (% of land area)**: 50.2

**Life expectancy at birth - males** (2010-2015): 8.8

**Life expectancy at birth - females** (2010-2015): 5.19%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 11

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 5.19%
Benin, Africa

**GDP per capita** (2014): 903.5

**Population (2016):** 11,167,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015):** 2.7%

**Inflation rate:** -0.9

**Access to improved drinking water (rural areas):** 72.2%

**Access to improved drinking water (urban areas):** 85.3%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita):** 5798/0.6

**Labour force participation by females:** 70%

**Labour force participation by males:** 73.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015):** 60.6

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 1.1%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 22.4

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 3.7%

**Urban population (2010-2015):** 43.95%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 72.2%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 39.1%

**Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Inflation rate:** 1.1%

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4

**Est. Forested area (% of land area):** 57.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 70%

**Labour force participation by females:** 73.4%

**Labour force participation by males:** 39.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - males:** 22.4

**Life expectancy at birth - females:** 8.4
The National Settlement Policy provides guidelines and a long-term strategy for the establishment and development of human settlements. The policy focuses on the development of transportation and utility networks to strengthen linkages between settlements, and on preservation of best agricultural lands.


Ministry of Lands and Housing (Department of Town and Regional Planning)

Monitoring and Evaluation

**Burkina Faso, Africa**

**Timeline of NUP**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Year</th>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1970</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980</td>
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</tr>
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<td>1990</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
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</table>

**Title of NUP**

**Politique Nationale Urbaine**

**Focus**

N/A

**Comments**

UN-Habitat is leading the development of the NUP and it is being funded by Booyoung. Other UN branches and offices involved are ROAF and the Burkina Faso country office.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

Ministry of Housing and Urban Development

**Status of NUP**

Diagnostic Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**


**GDP per capita (2014)**

725.2

**Population (2016)**

18,634,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

2.9%

**Inflation rate**

-0.2%

**Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)**

75.8%

**Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)**

97.5%

**Forested area (% of land area)**

76.7%

**Labor force participation by females**

59.3%

**Labor force participation by males**

66.7%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

5.4

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

6.4

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

7%

**Est. Forested area (% of land area)**

3.2

**Urban population**

29.859%

**Population growth rate**

5.7%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

3.1
The vision 2025 plan was prepared as a joint effort by the Ministry of Planning and Communal Development and UNDP. Section 5.7 is dedicated to sustainable and environmental development, and space management through the proactive policy of villagization and urbanization.

There is no explicit NUP. However, Burundi has undergone country assessments and other processes which will contribute to the formulation of a NUP.

Ministry of Planning and Communal Development

Implementation Phase

Lettre De Politique Nationale d’habitat et d’urbanisation (LPNHU) (2008); La lettre de Politique fonciere (2009)

Burundi Vision 2025

Other documents or guidelines for urban development

UN-Habitat
For a better urban future
Cape Verde, Africa

**GDP per capita (2014)**
3609.2

**Population (2016)**
527,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
1.2%

**Inflation rate**
-1.4%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**
87.3%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**
94%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
21.8%

**CO2 emissions estimates (tons per capita)**
444/0.9

**Labour force participation by females**
52.9%

**Labour force participation by males**
83.9%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
71.1

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
26.8

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
94%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
10.7%

**Urban population**
65.526%

**Labor force participation by females**
52.9%

**Labor force participation by males**
83.9%

**Inflation rate**
10.7%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
10.7%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
71.1

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
26.8

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
94%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
10.7%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
71.1

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
26.8

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
94%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
10.7%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
71.1

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
26.8

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
94%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
10.7%
The project has three main components: rehabilitation and extension of the primary drainage system of the city of Bangui, neighborhood development (including water, sanitation, and secondary and tertiary drainage and street infrastructure), and institutional support for capacity building of agencies.

There is currently no NUP. According to the World Bank's report on CAR's Urban Rehabilitation Project (1996), the government had an urban policy which materialized into the Municipal Development Program (MDP) in 1993.


Other documents or guidelines for urban development:

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

The government is expected to develop an explicit NUP "Durah III" with the help of UN-Habitat and UNDP. There have been efforts to improve urban development by preparing urban development plans for N’Djamena and other secondary cities, and by financing development project such as the Urban Development and Housing Improvement Project and the Additional Financing for Urban Development Project.
**Timeline of NUP**

**Poverty Reduction and Growth Strategy Paper**

**Title of NUP**

**Focus**

The strategy focuses on the impacts of urban development, such as road rehabilitation, and alleviation of urban poverty that is driven by the continuous rural exodus and rapid growth in the suburbs.

**Comments**

There is no explicit NUP and no urban development plans or schemes. The country has strategic planning tools, such as a diagram or planning blueprint, which foresees the implementation of necessary infrastructure for the development of the country.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

Directorate General of Spatial Planning of Comoros

**Status of NUP**

Implementation Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

Legislation Urban Development and Construction: Law N11-026/AU

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**Comoros, Africa**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
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<td>Population (2016)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population growth rate (2010-2015)</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Inflation rate</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - rural areas</td>
<td>89.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - urban areas</td>
<td>92.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)</td>
<td>161/0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labor force participation by females</td>
<td>35.1%</td>
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<td>Labor force participation by males</td>
<td>79.3%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)</td>
<td>64.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)</td>
<td>61.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Urban population</td>
<td>28.296%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Unemployment (% of labour force)</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
<td>9.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**File:** [Comoros Profile](file.pdf)

**Source:** [UN-Habitat](https://www.unhabitat.org)

**Implementation Phase**

---

**2011**

**2010**

**2020**

**2030**

**2040**

---

**For a Better Urban Future**
The 1957 Decree tasks the Planning Department of allocating land development plans and authorizes Land Affairs of establishing the occupation of land titles. The decree assigns a Chief Town and a City Planning Commission for each province. The commission is made up of 5 voting members, comprised of a Legal Advisor and an Architect-Planner.

There is no NUP. Urban development has been guided by the same documents and legislations contained in the decree of urbanism from 1957. The decree is no longer relevant; the acceleration of urbanization has exacerbated the obsolescence of the decree.

There are several city-specific and sectoral urban development projects, and town planning documents.
Urban Transport Policy; There are several sectoral urban development projects, and urban development is mentioned as part of the National Development Plan 2012-2026, in terms of projects to improve infrastructure, social housing and social development; The National Housing Strategy

National Development Plan 2012-2016

Focus: The National Development plan in terms of projects is to improve infrastructure, social housing and social development.

Comments: There is no overarching document to guide urban development.

Leading agency for urban development: Ministry of Planning

Status of NUP: Implementation phase

Other documents or guidelines for urban development:

- National Development Plan 2012-2016
- Ministry of Planning

Congo (Republic of), Africa

- GDP per capita: 3124.8 (2014)
- Population: 4,741,000 (2016)
- Population growth rate: 2.6% (2010-2015)
- Inflation rate: N/A
- Access to improved drinking water (rural areas): 40%
- Access to improved drinking water (urban areas): 95.8%
- Forested area (% of land area): 65.5%
- CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita): 2483/0.6
- Labour force participation by females: 67.1%
- Labour force participation by males: 72.6%
- Unemployment (% of labour force): 7.2%
- Urban population: 65.38% (2010-2015)
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 3.2%
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 8.3%
- Access to improved drinking water - urban areas: N/A
- Access to improved drinking water - rural areas: 40%
- Inflation rate: 7.2%
- Unemployment (% of labour force): 67.1%
- Labour force participation by females: 72.6%
- Labour force participation by males: 65.5%
- Life expectancy at birth - females: 7.2%
- Life expectancy at birth - males: 11.1
- Est. Forested area (% of land area): 65.5%
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 3.2%
- Urban population: 65.38% (2010-2015)
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 8.3%
The policy focuses on identifying extension zones to foster development and promoting home ownership tenures. The policy is also in place to support stakeholders in regards to land development.

There is no explicit NUP. However, urban policy in Côte d’Ivoire has been evolving since 1928. Urban development is led by public and private agencies. The public agencies are: Ministry of Construction, Sanitation and Urban Planning, Ministry of Housing Promotion, the Governorate of Abidjan District, and the Communes.

Urban development in the country is guided by the Politique de la planification urbaine en Côte d’Ivoire, the City Development Plan (1928), Law N°78-07 (1980), and Law N°2001-476. The city of Abidjan has a master plan called “Grand Abidjan” (2000).
Djibouti, Africa

**1813.6** GDP per capita (2014)

**900,000** Population (2016)

**1.3%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)

**2.7** Inflation rate

**64.7%** Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

**0.2%** Forested area (% of land area)

**63.2** Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

**36.5%** Labour force participation by females

**67.9%** Labour force participation by males

**55.7%** Unemployment (% of labour force)

**5.9** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

**909/0.7** Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

**60** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

**1.43%** Urban population growth rate (2010-2015)

**4** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

---

**TITLE OF NUP**

Strategie Nationale de development Urbaine (SDAU)

**FOCUS**

The plans aim to advance policies to shift the demographic pressure from Djibouti to secondary cities; by creating economic poles to link the evolving sea port to the hinterlands.

**COMMENTS**

There is a Partial NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Ministry of Housing, Urbanism and Environment

**STATUS OF NUP**

Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Master Plans for Urban Planning and Development
The plan focuses on diversifying the economy to reduce the country's dependency on the oil industry. The five main objectives of the plan are to: promote economic growth, strengthen the development of structured investments, promote social policies, ensure a transparent social climate, and develop prospects for monitoring and evaluating lower-income households.

There is no explicit NUP. Urban development is guided by Horizon 2020 Development Plan, which is also called the National Socio-Economic Development Plan.
There is not explicit NUP. Urban development is guided by master plans for cities, such as the Asmara plan which was developed by the councils of the cities.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Department of Urban Development (Part of Ministry of Public works)

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

The National Urban Development Policy was founded on the Agricultural Development Led Industrialization (ADLI), Industrial Development Strategy, federalism, democratization and civil service reform. The policy focuses on strengthening urban-rural linkages, sustainable development, and democracy and good governance.

The policy was formulated in 2005 by the Ministry of Federal Affairs. The Structure Plan of 2012 initiated the implementation of some components of the policy.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**
Ministry of Urban Development of Housing

**Status of NUP**
Monitoring and Evaluation Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**
Gabon, Africa

Timeline of NUP

There is no NUP. However, there are plans to develop a strategy for habitat and national urban development in Gabon. A diagnostic study has already been conducted and a report has been prepared with help from UNDP.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Ministry for Promotion and Investment, Public Works, Transportation, Housing and Tourism

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT


Statistical Information:

- **GDP per capita (2014):** 10317.5
- **Population (2016):** 1,763,000
- **Population growth rate (2010-2015):** 2.3%
- **Inflation rate:** 2.1%
- **Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 66.7%
- **Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 97.2%
- **Forest area (% of land area):** 63.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** N/A
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 20.4%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 39.5%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 57.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015):** 63.2
- **Urban population (2010-2015):** 87.156%
- **Inflation rate (2010-2015):** 2.7%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 57.2%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 87.7%
- **Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 66.7%
- **Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 39.5%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 20.4%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 39.5%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 57.2%
- **Forest area (% of land area):** 63.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** N/A
### Gambia (Republic of), Africa

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<td>Inflation rate</td>
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<td>Access to improved drinking water, rural areas</td>
<td>84.4%</td>
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<td>Access to improved drinking water, urban areas</td>
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<td>CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
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### Poverty Reduction Strategy

**Title of NUP:** Poverty Reduction Strategy

**Focus:**

The poverty reduction strategy paper describes and assesses a country’s macroeconomic, structural and social policies in support of growth and poverty reduction.

**Comments:**

There is no explicit NUP and the National Development Document that exist have become outdated. Gambia is currently planning on developing a NUP and that is mentioned in the Poverty Reduction Strategy Report.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development:**

Ministry of Local Government and Lands

**Status of NUP:**

Formulation Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:**

- Ministry of Local Government and Lands
- Poverty Reduction Strategy
The National Urban Policy aims to promote a sustainable, spatially integrated and orderly development of urban settlements. The focus of the policy is to provide adequate housing, infrastructure and services.

The National Urban Policy is an explicit NUP. It is being implemented through Ghana’s National Urban Policy Action Plan. The plan defines the initiatives and activities within the timeframe of 5 years. The policy has yet to be reviewed.

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The National Urban Policy is an explicit NUP. It is being implemented through Ghana’s National Urban Policy Action Plan. The plan defines the initiatives and activities within the timeframe of 5 years. The policy has yet to be reviewed.
### Guinea, Africa

<table>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population growth rate (2010-2015)</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - rural areas</td>
<td>67.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - urban areas</td>
<td>26.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)</td>
<td>2299/0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labour force participation by females</td>
<td>92.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labour force participation by males</td>
<td>85.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)</td>
<td>79.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)</td>
<td>58.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)</td>
<td>57.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban population</td>
<td>37.161%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment (% of labour force)</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inflation rate (2010-2015)</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment (2010-2015)</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>3.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labour force participation by females</td>
<td>92.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Timeline of NUP

- **1960**: Prefeasibility Phase
- **2017**: Under Development

### Title of NUP

**Politique Nationale Urbaine**

### Focus

Under Development

### Comments

The development of the NUP is led by UN-Habitat and funded by the UN Development Account and the European Union.

### Leading Agency for Urban Development

Ministere de la ville et de l’aménagement du territoire

### Status of NUP

Prefeasibility Phase

### Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

- IMF’s Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility Report

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**UN-HABITAT**

*For a Better Urban Future*
According to the Second Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper, which was prepared by the IMF and the World Bank, the National and Regional Planning Policy will focus on the development and implementation of laws to begin the process of urban restructuring and rehabilitation in the cities of Guinea Bissau.

The country does not have an explicit NUP.


Other documents or guidelines for urban development

- General Civil Construction and Urban Housing Regulation
- Regional Planning and Urban Development Law
- Operational Plan for Guinea-Bissau 2015-2020

Ministry of Public Works, Construction & Urbanism
Kenya, Africa

1358.3
GDP per capita (2014)

47,251,000
Population (2016)

2.7%
Population growth rate (2010-2015)

6.3
Inflation rate

56.8%
Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

81.7%
Access to improved drinking water - urban areas

7.6%
Forested area (% of land area)

13300/0.3
CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

61.9%
Labour force participation by females

72%
Labour force participation by males

62.2
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

59.1
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

9.2%
Unemployment (% of labour force, 2010-2015)

N/A
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

N/A
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

9.2%
Inflation rate

4.3%
Urban population growth rate (2010-2015)

61.9%
Labour force participation by males (2010-2015)

72%
Labour force participation by females (2010-2015)

9.2%
Unemployment (% of labour force) (2010-2015)

59.1
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

62.2
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

1358.3
GDP per capita (2014)

47,251,000
Population (2016)

2.7%
Population growth rate (2010-2015)

6.3
Inflation rate

56.8%
Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

81.7%
Access to improved drinking water - urban areas

7.6%
Forested area (% of land area)

13300/0.3
CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

61.9%
Labour force participation by females

72%
Labour force participation by males

62.2
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

59.1
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

9.2%
Unemployment (% of labour force) (2010-2015)

N/A
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

N/A
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
The Lesotho National Vision aims at transforming Lesotho by 2020 into a stable democracy and a prosperous peaceful nation, with healthy and well-developed human resources and a strong economy. It touches upon several issues such as governance, freedom and pluralism of the media, gender equality, HIV/AIDS.

There is no explicit NUP.

Ministry of Development Planning

National Strategic Development Plan 2012-2016

National Vision 2020

Other documents or guidelines for urban development

Link

986.4 GDP per capita (2014)

2,160,000 Population (2016)

1.2% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

6.6 inflation rate

77% access to improved drinking water - rural areas

94.6% access to improved drinking water - urban areas

2296/1.1 CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)

59.1% labour force participation by females

73.6% labour force participation by males

49.6 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

49.2 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

26.4% unemployment (% of labour force)

27.312% urban population

3.1% 2010-2015

11.7 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

2010-2015

1.6% forested area (% of land area)
The explicit NUP is being developed in partnership with UN-Habitat and it is being funded by Cities Alliance and Booyoung. Other involved UN branches is ROAF.

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:
- Master Plan (2013) and Liberia Planning Law on Zoning
Madagascar Vision 2020 (2014)

**GDP per capita**

- 452.8 (2014)

**Population**

- 24,916,000 (2016)

**Population growth rate**

- 2.8% (2010-2015)

**Inflation rate**

- 6.7

**Access to improved drinking water**

- 35.3% urban areas
- 21.5% rural areas

**CO₂ emission estimates**

- 3077/0.2 tons per capita

**Labour force participation**

- 83.9% females
- 89.1% males

**Life expectancy at birth**

- 66 females (2010-2015)
- 4.4 males (2010-2015)

**Unemployment**

- 1.8% of labour force (2010-2015)

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop**

- 4.4 (2014)

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop**

- 81.6% (2014)

**Access to improved drinking water**

- 35.3% urban areas
- 6.7% rural areas

**Inflation rate**

- 1.8%

**Unemployment**

- 8.3%

**Labour force participation**

- 89.1% males
- 83.9% females

**Forested area**

- 63%

**Life expectancy at birth**

- 4.4 females
- 4.1 males

**Urban population**

- 35.105% (2010-2015)

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop**

- 4.1 (2014)

**Other documents or guidelines for urban development**

- National Urban Policy (Politique Nationale Urbaine)
- General Directorate for territorial Management and Infrastructure.

**Title of NUP**

- National Urban Policy (Politique Nationale Urbaine)

**Focus**

- N/A

**Comments**

- Madagascar is in the early stages of developing a NUP with the assistance of UN-Habitat.

**Leading agency for urban development**

- General Directorate for territorial Management and Infrastructure.

**Status of NUP**

- Prefeasibility Phase

**Other documents or guidelines for urban development**

The NUP promotes shifting the focus on rural developments to emphasizing the benefits of agglomeration and urbanization. Malawi is in the diagnostic phase of establishing a National Urban Policy with funding from Cities Alliance and UN-Habitat.

**Malawi, Africa**

- **342.6** GDP per capita (2014)
- **17,750,000** Population (2016)
- **3.1%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- **21.7** Inflation rate
- **89.1%** Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
- **33.8%** Forested area (% of land area)
- **81.2%** Labour force participation by females
- **62** Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)
- **6.6%** Unemployment (% of labour force)
- **1** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **95.7%** Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
- **1272/0.1** CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
- **80.7%** Labour force participation by males
- **59.9** Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)
- **16.272%** Urban population
- **3.8%** 2010-2015
- **0.6** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

**National Urban Policy**

**Title of NUP**

**Focus**

The NUP promotes shifting the focus on rural developments to emphasizing the benefits of agglomeration and urbanization.

**Comments**

Malawi is in the diagnostic phase of establishing a National Urban Policy with funding from Cities Alliance and UN-Habitat.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

Ministry of Lands, Housing and Urban Development

**Status of NUP**

Feasibility Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

The policy focuses on increasing the quality of life through planning, improving city management, reinforcing local economies, the enhancement of social/cultural diversity, and promoting sustainability.

Urban development is currently guided by a country wide development strategy that was formulated in 2009 by the Ministry of Urban Planning. The government is currently seeking UN-Habitat's support in developing a NUP with a focus on housing.

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urban Policy (Politique Nationale de la Ville)

**FOCUS**
The policy focuses on increasing the quality of life through planning, improving city management, reinforcing local economies, the enhancement of social/cultural diversity, and promoting sustainability.

**COMMENTS**
Urban development is currently guided by a country wide development strategy that was formulated in 2009 by the Ministry of Urban Planning. The government is currently seeking UN-Habitat’s support in developing a NUP with a focus on housing.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministère de l’Urbanisme et de la Politique de la Ville (Ministry of Planning and Urban Policy)

**STATUS OF NUP**
Monitoring and Evaluation Phase

**LINK**
UN-Habitat for a Better Urban Future

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Urban Development Plans
The National Development Strategy guides urban development in Mauritius. The main focus of the strategy is on land use planning. The strategy also considers enhancing sustainable development by incorporating its three pillars: economic growth, environmental protection, and social progress recognizing the needs of all people.

There is no Explicit NUP. Urban development is guided by the National Development Strategy.

Implementation

Phase

Other documents or guidelines for urban development

TITLE OF NUP
National Urban Policy (Politica Urbana Nacional)

FOCUS
N/A

COMMENTS
UN-Habitat is supporting Mozambique in the feasibility of the NUP

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
N/A

STATUS OF NUP
Feasibility Phase

LINK

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
TITLE OF NUP
National Urban Policy

FOCUS
The NUPP of Namibia focuses on land reform, particularly on the connection between poor people’s right to lands and access to basic service. Other focus areas are creating environmentally conscious urban infrastructure and services, and strengthening human settlement financial systems.

COMMENTS
A NUP is in the process of being prepared with collaboration with UN-Habitat. The policy is to address three categories of challenges: institutional, planning, and urban governance.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Urban and Rural Development

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
National Housing Policy (Reviewed in 2009) and the National Transport Master plan 1998

GDP per capita (2014)
5588.9

Population (2016)
2,514,000

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
2.3%

Inflation rate
6.7%

Access to improved drinking water - rural areas
84.7%

Access to improved drinking water - urban areas
98.2%

Forested area (% of land area)
8.6%

Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
2948/1.3

Labour force participation by females
55.4%

Labour force participation by males
62.9%

Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
67

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
61.6

Unemployment (% of labour force)
26.9%

Inflation rate
2.3%

Labor force participation by females
62.9%

Labor force participation by males
8.6%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
2010-2015

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
4.2%
A National Urban Development Strategy forms part of Niger’s Accelerated Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy, 2008-2012. This includes an Urban Planning and Development Scheme (SDAU) developed in 2004 and an additional law providing guidance on urban land planning passed in 2010.

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urban Development Strategy

**FOCUS**
There is a NUP. However, there has not been sufficient implementation of the urban development strategy. That is due to a lack of political will, lack of mobilization of facilitating partners, the as poor management of urban areas, and inadequately prepared subdivision plans.

**COMMENTS**

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
N/A

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Urban Planning and Development Scheme (SDAU) (2004); Law for Guidance on Urban Planning

**GDP per capita (2014)**
427.4

**Population (2016)**
20,715,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
4%

**Inflation rate**
0.2

**Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)**
48.6%

**Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)**
100%

**Ereasted area (% of land area)**
0.9%

**CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**
1962/0.1

**Labour force participation by females**
40.2%

**Labour force participation by males**
89.5%

**Life expectancy at birth—females (2010-2015)**
61.6

**Life expectancy at birth—males (2010-2015)**
59.9

**Urban population (2010-2015)**
5.1%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
2.6

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
5.1%
The key objectives of the NUDP are: to promote efficient urban development and management, to define the responsibilities of all levels of government to ensure accountability, to provide financial mechanism to governments for slum upgrading and urban infrastructure, and to revise and implement sectoral programs in housing, environment, and employment.

The NUDP for Nigeria was first developed in 1992 which implementation was not successful and it was reviewed in 2012.

Federal Ministry of Works and Housing or Ministry of Lands and Urban Development.

Sun-national Urban Policy and Smart City Strategy (Niger State, 2017) as means of Implementing NUA

Other documents or guidelines for urban development
- National Urban Development Policy
- Federal Ministry of Works and Housing or Ministry of Lands and Urban Development.

Monitoring & Evaluation Phase

Other key indicators:
- Population: 186,988,000 (2016)
- GDP per capita: 3203.2 (2014)
- Inflation rate: 15.7
- Urban population: 47.776%
- Unemployment (% of labour force): 4.8%
- Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015): 52.6
- Urban population: 4.7%
- 2010-2015

N/A
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A

Unemployment (% of labour force)

Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

Urban population

Inflation rate

GDP per capita

Population

Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)

Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)

Labor force participation by females

Labor force participation by males

Forested area (% of land area)

CO2 Emission estimates (tons per capita)

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

UN-HABITAT
FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE
The National Urbanization Policy (NUP) focuses on boosting the country’s prosperity and reducing poverty. One of its main objectives is to raise the level of urbanization to 35% by 2020.

With the support of UN-Habitat, Rwanda’s explicit NUP was approved in December of 2015.

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urbanization Policy

**FOCUS**
The NUP focuses on boosting the country’s prosperity and reducing poverty. One of its main objectives is to raise the level of urbanization to 35% by 2020.

**COMMENTS**
With the support of UN-Habitat, Rwanda’s explicit NUP was approved in December of 2015.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Infrastructure

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
The National Planning Document (NPD) was formed in 1977. It promotes a balanced and parsimonious use of land, while considering the protection of resources for future generations.

There is no explicit NUP.

Ministry of Infrastructure and Public

Urban Development Support of Sao Tome and Principe

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

Urban Development Support of Sao Tome and Principe

N/A
**Senegal, Africa**

**GDP per capita (2014)**: 1067.2

**Population (2016)**: 15,590,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**: 3.1%

**Inflation rate**: 0.8

**Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)**: 67.3%

**Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)**: 92.9%

**Net Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 8423/0.6

**Labour force participation by females**: 44.9%

**Labour force participation by males**: 70%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 67.6

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: 63.9

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 9.7%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: N/A

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: N/A

**Inflation rate**: 3.6%

**Urban population (2010-2015)**: 43.721%

**Implementation Phase**

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

Ministry of Urban Planning and Housing

**Title of NUP**

Poles Urbaines

**Focus**

N/A

**Comments**

Partial

**Status of NUP**

Programme d’Appui aux Communes (PAC, 1998-2010), Programme d’Equipement des Collectivités Locales (Precol, 2006-2010), Joint Ventures Italy-Senegal for Sustainable Urban Development, Urban Development and Decentralization Program (1998-2004), and large development occurs under the umbrella of “poles urbaines”

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

Programme d’Appui aux Communes (PAC, 1998-2010), Programme d’Equipement des Collectivités Locales (Precol, 2006-2010), Joint Ventures Italy-Senegal for Sustainable Urban Development, Urban Development and Decentralization Program (1998-2004), and large development occurs under the umbrella of “poles urbaines”
In 2006, the government partnered with UN-Habitat and updated its National Housing Policy and addressed the issues of informal settlements.

There is not an explicit NUP. However, the country recognizes the importance of developing national urban policy, and has been seeking external assistance with reviewing and establishing urban related policies.

Ministry of Lands and Country Planning


Sierra Leone, Africa

774.8 GDP per capita (2014)
6,592,000 Population (2016)
2.2% Population growth rate (2010-2015)
10.9 inflation rate
47.8% access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
84.9% access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
40.4% forested area (% of land area)

1192/0.2 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

65% labour force participation by females
68.5% labour force participation by males

50.7 Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)
49.7 Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)
3.4% unemployment (% of labour force)

39.942% urban population
2.8% 2010-2015
39.942% urban population
2.8% 2010-2015

N/A Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
The focus of the program is to demonstrate to municipalities and community groups how small urban improvement projects can be organized. I.e. delivering improved infrastructure such as meat and vegetable markets.

The final evaluation for the Somalia Urban Development Programme was carried out by an independent consultant due to security concerns and cultural differences. Most of the impact is mainly achieved in Somaliland.

Ministry of Planning

Implementation Phase

Urban Regulatory Framework Program
The National Urban Development Framework (Working Draft Developed in 2009) focuses on developing successful sectoral programs that are geared toward strengthening the capacity of city governments to deliver housing and basic services.

The current NUP was created in 2009. The framework was further developed; in 2014, the draft of Integrated Urban Development Framework was.

**Integrated Urban Development Framework**

**MINISTRY OF COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS**

**STATUS OF NUP**

Formulation Phase

**LINK**

[QR Code]

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

National Urban Development Framework (Working Draft Developed in 2009)

**GDP per capita (2014)**

- 6481.8

**Population (2016)**

- 1,221,037,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

- 1.1%

**Inflation rate**

- 6.3

**Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)**

- 81.4%

**Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)**

- 99.6%

**Net forested area (% of land area)**

- 7.6%

**Carbon emission estimates (tons per capita)**

- 471239/8.8

**Labour force participation by females**

- 46.1%

**Labour force participation by males**

- 59.8%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

- 59.1

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

- 54.9

**Urban population (2010-2015)**

- 64.801%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

- 24.9%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 16

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 23.5

**Unemployment rate (% of labour force)**

- 46.1%
National Urban Policy

**TITLE OF NUP**

**FOCUS**
The policy focuses on economic development, environment, urban safety, urban services, urban design, and the promotion of social development.

**COMMENTS**
The draft of the document was released in June of 2012. The document is available; however, it is continuously being worked on.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Housing and Physical Planning

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**LINK**

**STATUS OF NUP**

**Formulation Phase**

**GDP per capita**
924.1 (2014)

**Population (2016)**
12,733,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
4.1%

**Inflation rate**
380.8

**Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)**
56.9%

**Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)**
66.8%

**CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**
1448/0.1

**Labour force participation by females**
71.1%

**Labour force participation by males**
75.2%

**Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)**
75.2

**Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)**
54.1

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
71.1

**Labour force participation by females**
75.2

**Labour force participation by males**
75.2

**Inflation rate (%)**
5.1%

**Population (2010-2015)**
18.804%

**Est. Forested area (% of land area)**
56.9

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
71.1

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
66.8%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
5.1%

**Access to improved drinking water -urban areas**
56.9%

**Access to improved drinking water -rural areas**
380.8
The New Housing Policy focuses on six specific objectives: 1) improve access to land with secure tenure, 2) support the development of property market through financing, building and planning processes, 3) assure the rights of landlords and tenants in the rental market, 4) ensure that service is affordable to the household, 5) use construction methods and materials to reduce the cost of housing and promote employment creation, and 6) use economic activities to improve household incomes and affordability standing.

**TITLE OF NUP**
New Housing Policy

**FOCUS**
The New Housing Policy focuses on six specific objectives: 1) improve access to land with secure tenure, 2) support the development of property market through financing, building and planning processes, 3) assure the rights of landlords and tenants in the rental market, 4) ensure that service is affordable to the household, 5) use construction methods and materials to reduce the cost of housing and promote employment creation, and 6) use economic activities to improve household incomes and affordability standing.

**COMMENTS**
There is no explicit NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Housing and Urban Development

**STATUS OF NUP**
N/A

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Housing Policy and the Physical Infrastructure Sectoral Strategy
Tanzania (United Republic of), Africa

**GDP per capita (2014)**
- 48,030 (excluding Zanzibar)
- 55,156,000 (Population (2016))

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
- 3.2%

**Inflation rate**
- 5.2%

**Access to improved drinking water**
- 45.6% (urban areas)
- 77.2% (rural areas)

**Access to improved drinking water (% of land area)**
- 52.8%

**Labour force participation by females**
- 74%

**Labour force participation by males**
- 83.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
- 65.6%

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
- 62.6%

**Urban population (2010-2015)**
- 31.6%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
- 62.6%

**Carbon dioxide emission estimates (tons per capita)**
- 10752/0.2

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
- 3.1%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 4.9%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 77.2%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**
- 5.2%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**
- 77.2%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 5.4%

**Labour force participation by females**
- 83.4%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
- 3.1%

**Labour force participation by males**
- 52.8%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 2.5%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 77.2%

**GDP per capita (2014)**
- 48,030 (excluding Zanzibar)
- 55,156,000 (Population (2016))

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
- 3.2%

**Inflation rate**
- 5.2%

**Access to improved drinking water**
- 45.6% (urban areas)
- 77.2% (rural areas)

**Access to improved drinking water (% of land area)**
- 52.8%

**Labour force participation by females**
- 74%

**Labour force participation by males**
- 83.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
- 65.6%

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
- 62.6%

**Urban population (2010-2015)**
- 31.6%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
- 62.6%

**Carbon dioxide emission estimates (tons per capita)**
- 10752/0.2

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
- 3.1%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 4.9%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- 77.2%

**TITLE OF NUP**
- Tanzania Master Plan

**FOCUS**
- Urban development is guided by the Tanzanian Master plan. The focus areas of the plan are economic strategies, social proposals, environment, infrastructure, governance, and design guidelines.

**COMMENTS**
- There is no NUP, however, there are ongoing discussions and processes with UN-Habitat on developing a NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
- Ministry of Lands, Housing and Human Settlements Development

**STATUS OF NUP**
- Feasibility Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
The declaration of National Policy of the Urban Sector stemmed from a need to improve the living conditions and fight against poverty in urban areas.

The country is drafting a NUP with help from UN-Habitat. A diagnostic report has already been prepared and is available.

Ministry of Urban Planning and Housing


Other documents or guidelines for urban development

Implementation Phase

UN-HABITAT
FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE
The policy is focused on addressing current urbanization challenges such as: balanced development, urban governance, environmental quality of urban life, effective urban planning and management to address urban sprawl, efficient urban infrastructure, safety and security in urban areas, and competitiveness. The policy also focuses on providing open public spaces, promotion of cultural tourism and heritage, as well as urban renewal and promoting healthy and safe urban environments.

The NUP is explicit and was developed with assistance from UN-Habitat. The policy was approved in June of 2017.

The NUP is explicit and was developed with assistance from UN-Habitat. The policy was approved in June of 2017.

Ministry of Housing and Urban Development

Formulation Phase

Uganda Vision 2040

National Urban Policy

Uganda Vision 2040
TITLE OF NUP
National Urbanization Policy

FOCUS
N/A

COMMENTS
UN-Habitat is supporting the development of a NUP.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Local Government

STATUS OF NUP
Diagnostic Phase

LINK

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Zimbabwe, Africa

**Growth Point/ Rural Service Centre Strategy**

**FOCUS**
The Growth Point Strategy identifies potential areas of economic growth that would curb rural-urban drift and facilitate decentralization of economic activities.

**COMMENTS**
There is a partial NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Department of Physical Planning

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Urban Planning Policy Developments

**1970 - Current**

- **965.5** GDP per capita (2014)
- **15,967,000** Population (2016)
- **2.2%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- **-1.6** inflation rate
- **67.3%** access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
- **97%** access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
- **38%** forested area (% of land area)
- **13781/0.9** Co₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
- **77.6%** labour force participation by females
- **87.2%** labour force participation by males
- **56** Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
- **53.6** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
- **11.3%** unemployment (% of labour force)
- **32.376%** urban population
- **2.3%** 2010-2015
- **5.4** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
ARAB STATES
The law (Law N°06-06 of 20 February 2006) orients policy towards cities for urban development. It provides a legal framework for the development of Algerian Politique de la Ville. The general governing principles of urban policy rest on: coordination and consultation, deconcentration and decentralization, neighbourhood bases management, human development, sustainable development, good governance, citizen awareness, culture and heritage preservation, and social justice.
The National Planning and development strategy is not an explicit NUP, however it is the first of its kind in the Persian/Arab Gulf.

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Planning and Development Strategy

**FOCUS**
The development strategy aims to transform Bahrain into an innovative 21st century country. The plan is designed to address the role of sustainable land use development in guaranteeing predictable and long term economic growth. The plan narrows down on issues such as natural resources, inadequate housing, and insufficient public spaces.

**COMMENTS**
The National Planning and development strategy is not an explicit NUP, however it is the first of its kind in the Persian/Arab Gulf.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Works, Municipalities Affairs, and Urban Planning

**STATUS OF NUP**
Monitoring and evaluation

**LINK**
Government program on social housing for low income citizens

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
National Planning and Development Strategy

**Bahrain, Arab states**

- **33850** GDP per capita (2014)
- **1,397,000** Population (2016)
- **1.8%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- **2.8** Inflation rate
- **100%** Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
- **100%** Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
- **31958/23.7** CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
- **85.2%** Labour force participation by males
- **31958/23.7** CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
- **88.8%** Urban population
- **1.18%** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **1.2%** Unemployment (% of labour force)
- **56.5** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **24.2** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **77.4** Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
- **75.6** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
- **39.4%** Labour force participation by females
- **2.8%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- **85.2%** Labour force participation by males
- **31958/23.7** CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
- **88.8%** Urban population
- **1.18%** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **1.2%** Unemployment (% of labour force)
- **56.5** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **24.2** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
Egypt, Arab states

**National Urban Policy**

**UN-Habitat** is leading the project and it is being financed by the Government of Egypt.

**General Organisation for Physical Planning**

- Ministry of Housing, Utilities and Urban Development

**Diagnostic Phase**

- GDP per capita (2014): 282,242
- Population (2016): 93,384,000
- Population growth rate (2010-2015): 2.2%
- Inflation rate: 13.8%
- Access to improved drinking water: 99%
- Co₂ emission estimates (tons per capita): 213012/2.4
- Co₂ emission estimates (% of land area): 68.7%
- Urban population: 213012/2.4
- Co₂ emission estimates (% of land area): 68.7%
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.28%
- Access to improved drinking water: 99%
- Access to improved drinking water: 100%
- Life expectancy at birth - females: 73.1
- Life expectancy at birth - males: 68.7
- Unemployment (% of labour force): 13%
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.28%
- Urban population: 2.28%
- Urban population: 2010-2015
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.28%

**National Urban Development Framework (NUDF)**, National Strategy for Adaptation to Climate change (2012) and Cairo 2052 (2012)

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

- National Urban Development Framework (NUDF)
- National Strategy for Adaptation to Climate change
- Cairo 2052
The National Development Plan provides the groundwork for what could become a national urban policy framework. The project of developing a NUP is lead by UN-Habitat.

**Iraq, Arab states**

- **GDP per capita (2014)**: 225422
- **Population (2016)**: 37,548,000
- **Population growth rate (2010-2015)**: 3.3%
- **Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)**: 70.1%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 1.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 71.4
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: 67
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 16%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: /%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 93.8%
- **Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**: 70.1%
- **Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**: 93.8%
- **Inflation rate**: /%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 3.37%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 67
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: /%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 3.37%
- **Urban population**: 2013/4.9
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 71.4
- **Inflation rate**: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: /%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 67
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: /%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 3.37%
- **Urban population**: 2013/4.9
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 71.4
- **Inflation rate**: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: /%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 67
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: /%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 3.37%
- **Urban population**: 2013/4.9
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 71.4
- **Inflation rate**: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: /%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 67
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: /%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 3.37%
- **Urban population**: 2013/4.9
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 71.4
- **Inflation rate**: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: /%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 67
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: /%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 3.37%
- **Urban population**: 2013/4.9
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 71.4
- **Inflation rate**: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: /%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 15%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 69.9%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 67
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: /%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 3.37%
- **Urban population**: 2013/4.9
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 71.4
- **Inflation rate**: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: /%
Palestine, Arab states

1276€
GDP per capita (2014)

4,797,000
Population (2016)

2.8%
Population growth rate (2010-2015)

81.5%
access to improved drinking water (urban areas)

1.5%
est Forested area (% of land area)

50.7%
access to improved drinking water (urban areas)

2439/0.6
CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

17.6%
labour force participation by females

68.8%
labour force participation by males

74.7
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

70.7
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

26.9%
unemployment (% of labour force)

75.3%
urban population (% 2010-2015)

34.6
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

53.8
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

TITLE OF NUP
N/A

FOCUS
N/A

COMMENTS
There is no Explicit NUP

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
N/A

STATUS OF NUP
N/A

LINK
N/A

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
N/A

Timeline of NUP

UN-HABITAT
FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE
Timeline of NUP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urban Policy

**FOCUS**
Under Development

**COMMENTS**
UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the UN Development Account. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and Jordan country office.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
N/A

**STATUS OF NUP**
Diagnostic Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**GDP per capita (2014)**
3,582.7

**Population (2016)**
7,748,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
3.1%

**Inflation rate**
-0.8%

**Access to improved drinking water, urban areas**
92.3%

**Access to improved drinking water, rural areas**
1.1%

**Forest area (% of land area)**
97.8%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**
24807/3.5

**Labor force participation by females**
14.1%

**Labor force participation by males**
64.3%

**Life expectancy at birth, females (2010-2015)**
75.5

**Life expectancy at birth, males (2010-2015)**
72.2

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
11.9%

**Labor force participation**
2.66%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
51.6

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
43.8

**Inflation rate**
11.9%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
14.1%

**Labor force participation by females**
64.3%

**Labor force participation by males**
72.2

**Life expectancy at birth, females (2010-2015)**
51.6

**Life expectancy at birth, males (2010-2015)**
43.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
2.66%
UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the Government of Kuwait. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and the Kuwait country office. Kuwait Government has requested the UN-Habitat to initiate the development of a National Urban Policy.

**COMMENTS**
UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the Government of Kuwait. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and the Kuwait country office. Kuwait Government has requested the UN-Habitat to initiate the development of a National Urban Policy.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
General Secretariat of the Supreme Council for Planning and Development

**STATUS OF NUP**
Feasibility Phase

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urban Policy

**FOCUS**
N/A

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Kuwait Vision 2035 and Kuwait Development Plan and the Master Plan 2005, Kuwait master plan 2040
UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the UN Development Account and the Italian Development Fund. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and Lebanon country office.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Council for Development and Reconstruction (CDR)

**STATUS OF NUP**
Diagnostic Phase

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urban Policy

**FOCUS**
N/A

**COMMENTS**
UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the UN Development Account and the Italian Development Fund. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and Lebanon country office.

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
The National Physical Perspective Plan proves the primary framework for the elaboration of sub-national plans and various levels, including the preparation of urban plans.

There is no explicit NUP. However, there are plans which guide urban development.

Urban Planning Agency

Sub-National Plans

Formulation Phase (disrupted by civil war)

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Sub-National Plans
Timeline of NUP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>GDP per capita</th>
<th>Inflation Rate</th>
<th>Access to Improved Drinking Water (Urban)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>4,167,000</td>
<td>1282.8 (2014)</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>58.4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FOCUS**
The Master Plan focuses on poverty reduction and increasing the quality of urban life.

**COMMENTS**
There is no explicit NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Equipment, Urbanism and Housing

**STATUS OF NUP**
N/A

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
The National Strategy (ONSS) prepares a framework for land use strategies that will ensure a balanced, and sustainable socio-economic development at national and regional level. The plan is not an explicit NUP. However, the implementation of the plan aligns with the goals of Oman 2040 Vision, which is the largest project currently happening in Oman.
The National Development strategy was created in line with the Qatar National Vision 2030. The strategy identifies specific actions and outcomes to overcome challenges and advanced the 2030 goals.

**National Vision (2008-2030)**

**Ministry of Development Planning and Statistics**

**Implementation Phase**

**National Vision (2008-2030)**

**Ministry of Development Planning and Statistics**

**Link**

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

**National Vision (2008-2030)**

**Ministry of Development Planning and Statistics**
Saudi Arabia, Arab states

**GDP per capita**
- **2014**: 752,460

**Population (2016)**
- **32,158,000**

**Population growth rate**
- **2010-2015**: 2.3%

**Inflation rate**
- **3.5%

**Access to improved drinking water**
- **Urban areas**: 97%
- **Rural areas**: 97%

**CO₂ emission estimates**
- **2010-2015**: 54,142,917.9 tons per capita

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
- **2010-2015**: 5.9%

**Labour force participation by males**
- **2010-2015**: 72.8%

**Labour force participation by females**
- **2010-2015**: 78.9%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- **2010-2015**: 2.43%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- **2010-2015**: 59.9%

**Access to improved drinking water**
- **Urban areas**: 97%
- **Rural areas**: 97%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
- **2010-2015**: 72.8%

**Diagnosis Phase**
- **2017**

**Timeline of NUP**
- **1960**
- **2030**
- **1980**
- **1990**
- **2000**
- **2010**
- **2020**
- **2030**
- **2040**
UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the UN Development Account. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and Sudan country office.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**
National council for Physical Development

**National Urban Policy**

**Title of NUP**

**Focus**
N/A

**Comments**

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**
National council for Physical Development

**Status of NUP**

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

**GDP per capita**
41,176,000
Population (2016)

**Population growth rate**
2.2%
(2010-2015)

**Inflation rate**
17.8%

**Access to improved drinking water**

- Urban areas
- Rural areas

**Access to improved drinking water**
- Urban areas
- Rural areas

**CO₂ emission estimates**
15445/0.4
Tons per capita

**Labour force participation by females**
24.2%

**Labour force participation by males**
72.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - females**
64.6
(2010-2015)

**Life expectancy at birth - males**
61.6
(2010-2015)

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
13.3%
(2010-2015)

**Urban population**
33.8%
2010-2015

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
16

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
17.9
Title of NUP
National Standards for Regional Planning and Spatial Planning

Focus
The Regional Planning Committee (RPC) has in its mandate to activate and lead regional planning efforts in the country.

Comments
UNDP assisted the Regional Planning Committee in creating standards for regional and spatial planning, activating the national framework, and providing capacity development and technical support for regional planning.

Leading Agency for Urban Development
Higher Commission for Regional Planning

Status of NUP
Formulation Phase (disrupted by civil war)

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development
Other Sectoral Policies; The Syrian National Strategy Report for Sustainable Development 2001

GDP per capita (2014)
34,184

Population (2016)
18,564,000

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
-2.3%

Inflation rate
N/A

Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
87.2%

Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
2.7%

Forested area (% of land area)
64

CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
36,065/1.9

Labour force participation by females
12.3%

Labour force participation by males
71.6%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
13.2%

Urban population
57.7%

GDP per capita (2014)
-0.75%

2010-2015

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
-2.3%

Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)
32.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
33.6

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
92.3%

Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
92.3%

Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
N/A

Labour force participation by females
71.6%

Labour force participation by males
71.6%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
13.2%

Urban population
57.7%

GDP per capita (2014)
-0.75%

2010-2015

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
-2.3%

Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)
32.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
33.6

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
National Urban Policy

UN-Habitat is the leading the project and it is being financed by the UN Development Account and Cities Alliance. Other involved UN-Habitat branches and regional offices include ROAS, and Tunisia country office.

Ministry of Equipment, Housing, and Urban Planning


Other documents or guidelines for urban development

Diagnostic Phase

47423 GDP per capita (2014)

11,375,000 Population (2016)

1.1% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

3.7 inflation rate

93.2% access to improved drinking water (urban areas)

100% access to improved drinking water (urban areas)

6.6% forested area (% of land area)

27668/2.5 Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

25% labour force participation by females

71.2% labour force participation by males

77 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

72.3 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

15.3% unemployment (% of labour force)

66.8% urban population

1.4% 2010-2015

43.1% female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

26.3 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

93.2% access to improved drinking water (urban areas)

77 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

72.3 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

15.3% unemployment (% of labour force)

66.8% urban population

1.4% 2010-2015

43.1% female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

26.3 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
The framework is grounded in the cultural and environmental identity of Abu Dhabi; it provides conceptual solutions to shape growth in Abu Dhabi. The framework addresses sustainability, connectivity, livability, evolving culture, unique environment, and identifies opportunities. These topics are outlined in sub-thematic areas in the framework such as: capital city, open space, transportation, land use and the environment.

This is not an explicit NUP. It is a conceptual framework that strengthens the process of reviewing and planning. It presents a practical, flexible, and sustainable view of the future.

Dubai Master Plan (2020)

Abu Dhabi Urban Planning Council and Urban Planning Steering Committee

United Arab Emirates, Arab states

39,9451 GDP per capita (2014)
9,267,000 Population (2016)
1.9% Population growth rate (2010-2015)
1.6 inflation rate
100% access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
99.6% access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
3.8% est Forested area (% of land area)
169122/18.7 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
41.9% labour force participation by females
94.1% labour force participation by males
78.2 Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)
76 Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)
3.8% unemployment (% of labour force)
85.5% urban population
2.9% 2010-2015
15.4 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
34.6 female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
No plans were implemented due to the civil unrest that was initiated in 2011.

**TITLE OF NUP**

Regional Plans

**FOCUS**

N/A

**COMMENTS**

No plans were implemented due to the civil unrest that was initiated in 2011.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation

**STATUS OF NUP**

Feasibility Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

N/A
The National Priority Program is founded on three key pillars: 1) Strengthen urban governance and Institutions, 2) Ensure adequate housing and access to basic services for all, 3) Harness Urban economy and infrastructure.

The priority program has reached a new milestone where the president Ashraf Ghani announced the formation of a “High Council on urban development.”

Ministry of Urban Development and Affairs

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

Realizing Self Reliance; National Land Policy 2013;
Armenia, Asia & Pacific

**GDP per capita (2014):** 3622.2

**Population (2016):** 3,026,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015):** 0.4%

**Inflation rate:** -1.3

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 100%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 100%

**Forested area (% of land area):** 11.7%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita):** 5497/1.8

**Labour force participation by females:** 54.6%

**Labour force participation by males:** 73%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015):** 78.4

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015):** 70.7

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 16.2%

**Urban population:** 62.7%

**Inflation rate:** 0.16%

**Labour force participation by females:** 40.1%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 48.5%

**Labour force participation by males:** 11.7%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 100%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 100%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 100%

**Inflation rate:** 5.46%

**Unemployment (% of labour force):** 16.2%

**Urban population:** 62.7%

**Inflation rate:** 0.16%

**Labour force participation by females:** 40.1%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 48.5%

**Labour force participation by males:** 11.7%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 100%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 100%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 100%
Our Cities, building a productive, sustainable and liveable future.

The objective of the plan is to inform planning an investment of the country's largest cities and smaller regional cities. The plan focuses on three main areas: smart investments, smart policy, and smart technology.

This is an explicit NUP and it was published in 2016. However, the federal has suspended the implementation of the policy.

Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet

Ministry for Cities

Our Cities, building a productive, sustainable and liveable future.

89.4% urban population
84.3% life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
81.9% female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
71% labour force participation by males
79.9% life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
70% labour force participation by females
6.1% unemployment (% of labour force)
62,290.1 GDP per capita (2014)
24,309,000 population (2016)
1.3% inflation rate
1.6% population growth rate (2010-2015)
100% access to improved drinking water - rural areas
100% access to improved drinking water - urban areas
16.2% forested area (% of land area)
37,790.6/16.2 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
58.7% labour force participation by females
71% labour force participation by males
8.5% inflation rate
6.1% unemployment (% of labour force)
101.7 female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
9.5% population growth rate (2010-2015)
100% access to improved drinking water - rural areas
100% access to improved drinking water - urban areas
16.2% forested area (% of land area)
37,790.6/16.2 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
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6.1% unemployment (% of labour force)
101.7 female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
9.5% population growth rate (2010-2015)
Azerbaijan, Asia & Pacific

TITLE OF NUP
Azerbaijan 2020

FOCUS
The document will present the government of Azerbaijan’s vision for the future.

COMMENTS
Urban development in Azerbaijan is supported by the Asian Development Bank, in its Urban Operational Plan 2012-2020.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Economy of the Republic of Azerbaijan

STATUS OF NUP
N/A

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
N/A

7,808.4
GDP per capita (2014)

9,868,000
Population (2016)

1.4%
Population growth rate (2010-2015)

4.2
Inflation rate

77.8%
Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

94.7%
Access to improved drinking water - urban areas

13.2%
Forest area (% of land area)

35643.3%
CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

61.6%
Labour force participation by females

68%
Labour force participation by males

73.8
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

67.5
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

4.9%
Unemployment (% of labour force)

54.62%
Urban population - % 2010-2015

24.8
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

21.7
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
TITLE OF NUP
National Urban Policy

FOCUS
A comprehensive urban policy that uses a decentralized and participatory process to achieve sustainable urban development; spatially, economically, socially, culturally and environmentally.

COMMENTS
The NUP is still being drafted. Bangladesh has been implementing elements of the draft NUP through the Five Year Development Plans.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Department of Urban Development; Ministry of Local Government

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
The urban policy focuses on organizing and coordinating the development of urban settlements at the national level by emphasizing local governance. The objective is to create a balanced and equitable regional development by providing housing, employment, transportation, local governance and municipal finance.

The Strategy is an explicit NUP. However, the country's lack of economic and technical capacities lead to the slow implementation of strategies that address urban problems.

Ministry of Works and Human Settlement, Department of Urban Development and Housing

The NUDS promotes socio-economic development through good governance, rule of law, economic and human development, and sustainable management of natural resources. The plan also calls for decentralisation and the empowerment of local agencies to manage urban development.

The NUP has been successful in rebuilding the country after going through three decades of civil war.

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**
- Strategic Framework on Decentralisation and Deconcentration (2005)
- National Spatial Policy (2011)
- Strategic Green Development Plan (2012-2030)
- National Housing Policy (2014)

**Implementation Phase**
- Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction
- UN-Habitat

**Status of NUP**

**Link**

**Comments**
The NUP has been successful in rebuilding the country after going through three decades of civil war.

**Title of NUP**
National Urban Development Strategy (NUDS) 2014-2018

**Focus**
The NUDS promotes socio-economic development through good governance, rule of law, economic and human development, and sustainable management of natural resources. The plan also calls for decentralisation and the empowerment of local agencies to manage urban development.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**
Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**
- Strategic Framework on Decentralisation and Deconcentration (2005)
- National Spatial Policy (2011)
- Strategic Green Development Plan (2012-2030)
- National Housing Policy (2014)
The New Urbanization plan for China focuses on Social and Economic development. The main objective is improving the quality of urbanization. It is a macro, strategic plan that guides the healthy development of urbanization across the country.

This document is a plan and not a policy; it is however a representation of urban issues and how to deal them.

Urban China: Toward Efficient, Inclusive, and Sustainable Urbanization/People’s Republic of China

Urban and Rural Planning department, Ministry of Housing and Urban Development

Implementation Phase

Urban China: Toward Efficient, Inclusive, and Sustainable Urbanization/People’s Republic of China

Urban Planning Act
The 20 year vision seeks to establish East Timor as a prosperous and strong nation. The objective is to transform East Timor from a low income to upper middle income country. The plan aims to provide adequate food, shelter and clothing for all, it also seeks to improve the living standards of the population, improving literacy and employment rates.

There is no explicit NUP. The country is focusing on rebuilding after being occupied. Its main focus is on capacity building rather than developing an NUP.


The focus of the policy is to improve institutional coordination, political stability, and economical development. The NUP does not have adequate long term plans. The country is engaged in Urban Upgrading Project.

**Other documents or guidelines for urban development**
- National Housing Policy (2011)
- Fiji Green Growth Framework
The plan promotes cities that provide core infrastructure and give a decent quality of life to its citizens. A smart city is clean, sustainable and applies “smart” solutions to solve urban problems. This involves water supply, adequate sanitation and waste management, affordable housing and a sustainable environment.

The Central Government has funding allocated to cities without a system of cities approach. The cities for the project include: Agra, Bhopal, Diu, Erode and many more. UN-Habitat is assisting in developing a National Urban Policy (2017); it is still in the formulation phase.

Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation, Urban Housing Mission, the 12th Five year Plan 2012-2017, and several sector based policies: national sanitation policy, national urban transport policy and others.
The Indonesian government is currently considering a New Urban Agenda as part of the UN Habitat Agenda III (2016-2036). The Plan also referred to as the KSPPN, it prioritizes the improvement of urban services such as transportation systems, energy, clean water supply. The plan is implemented through assessing autonomous cities which are defined as cities which have administratively delineated boundaries.

### Title of NUP
National Policies and Strategies for Urban Development towards Sustainable Competitive Cities for 2045

### Focus
The Indonesian government is currently considering a New Urban Agenda as part of the UN Habitat Agenda III (2016-2036).

### Comments
The Indonesian government is currently considering a New Urban Agenda as part of the UN Habitat Agenda III (2016-2036).

### Leading Agency for Urban Development
Ministry of National Development

### Status of NUP
Implementation Phase

### Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development
### National Urban Policy and Smart City Strategy

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Urban Policy and Smart City Strategy

**FOCUS**
N/A

**COMMENTS**
The strategy is being developed with assistance from UN-Habitat and it is being funded by South Korea.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
N/A

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

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**Iran (Islamic Republic of), Asia & Pacific**

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<td>Unemployment (% of labour force)</td>
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<td>Co2 Emission estimates (tons per capita)</td>
<td>616976/8.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Urban population</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Timeline of NUP:
- 1960
- 1970
- 1980
- 1990
- 2000
- 2010
- 2020
- 2030
- 2040

**2017**

Implementation Phase
The spatial plans aims to influence urban development. The plan focuses on three main areas: concentrated dispersion, spatial structuring of open space, and metropolitian structures.

**TITLE OF NUP**

**FOCUS**
The spatial plans aims to influence urban development. The plan focuses on three main areas: concentrated dispersion, spatial structuring of open space, and metropolitian structures.

**COMMENTS**
N/A

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Finance- Israel Planning Administration (IPA)

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Governmental Housing Strategic Plan, Crearance and Construction Programme, Increased Building Rights Programme, National Master Plan 3B, and The City Works

**Timeline of NUP**
- 1960: 2030
- 1970: 2040
- 1990: 2010
- 2000: 2020
- 2010: 2030
- 2020: 2040

**Population (2016)**
8,193,000

**GDP per capita (2014)**
38,500.3

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
1.7%

**inflation rate**
-0.5%

**access to improved drinking water - rural areas**
100%

**access to improved drinking water - urban areas**
100%

**% of land area**
7.4%

**Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**
71074/9.1

**Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)**
76.2

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
56.7

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
76.2

**Labour force participation by females**
59%

**Labour force participation by males**
69.5%

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
56.7

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
5.9%

**Urban population - % 2010-2015**
92.1%
The National Spatial Strategy focuses on cities and metropolitan regions. The strategy focuses on promoting regional revitalization, supporting multi-layered resilience, creating compact networked structures, and relieving the excessive concentration in Tokyo. The specific objectives are to foster local communities, develop metropolitan regions, and to enhance global interactions by attracting foreign investments to increase growth.

This is not an explicit NUP.
### Title of NUP
Regional Development Programme

#### Focus
The programme promotes a more equitable regional development, and aims to increase living standards in the region by strengthening local economies and the responsibilities and capacities of local administrations.

#### Comments
N/A

#### Leading Agency for Urban Development
Ministry of Regional Development

#### Status of NUP
Implementation Phase

#### Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development
N/A

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### Kazakhstan, Asia & Pacific

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<td>Inflation rate</td>
<td>14.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - urban areas</td>
<td>99.4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - rural areas</td>
<td>85.6%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Enrolled area (% of land area)</td>
<td>78%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labour force participation by females</td>
<td>65.8%</td>
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<td>Labour force participation by males</td>
<td>76.5%</td>
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<td>Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)</td>
<td>73.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)</td>
<td>64.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urban population (2010-2015)</td>
<td>53.2%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Urban population (2014)</td>
<td>1.38%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
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<td>Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)</td>
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<td>Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
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<td>Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)</td>
<td>73.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)</td>
<td>2010-2015</td>
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</table>
Kiribati Development Plans 2012-2015

**TITLE OF NUP**

Kiribati Development Plans 2012-2015

**FOCUS**
The plan aims to strengthen urban development policies, enhance land planning for sustainable urban growth, promote public awareness on urbanizations, and protect the urban environment.

**COMMENTS**
This is not an explicit NUP, but it is the main instrument that guides development on the island. The process is very inclusive of stakeholders and promotes public participation.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Urban Management Unit, Ministry of Internal and Social Affairs

**STATUS OF NUP**
Prefeasibility Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**GDP per capita (2014)** 1631.9

**Population (2016)** 114,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)** 1.8%

**Inflation rate** N/A

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas** 50.6%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas** 87.4%

**Forested area (% of land area)** 15%

**Labour force participation by females** N/A%

**Labour force participation by males** 62.6%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)** 68.9

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)** 62.6

**Urban population 2010-2015** 44.3%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)** N/A

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)** N/A

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)** N/A

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas** 50.6%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas** 87.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - males** N/A

**Life expectancy at birth - females** N/A

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)** 2.05%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)** 87.4%
Korea N (Democratic Republic of), Asia & Pacific

- GDP per capita (2014): 695.9
- Population (2016): 25,281,000
- Population growth rate (2010-2015): 0.5%
- Inflation rate: N/A
- Access to improved drinking water - rural areas: 99.4%
- Forested area (% of land area): N/A
- Labour force participation by females: 73.6%
- Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015): 73.3
- Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A
- Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): N/A
- Unemployment (% of labour force): 6.7%
- Urban population - %: 60.9%
- CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita): 50091/2.0
- Labour force participation by males: 85.9%
- Other documents or guidelines for urban development: N/A
- Leading agency for urban development: Korea N (Democratic Republic of), Asia & Pacific
- Status of NUP: N/A
- Title of NUP: N/A
- Focus: N/A
- Comments: N/A
- Link: N/A

Timeline of NUP

- 1960
- 1970
- 1980
- 1990
- 2000
- 2010
- 2020
- 2030
- 2040

UN-Habitat
FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE
The CNTP established long-term policies for land use, development, and conservation of national territory. The plan sets a vision for the future and develops strategies that achieve the vision. The strategies respond to the economic and social changes and consider environmental conservation.

The CNTP was revised in 2011; it applies from 2000 to 2020.


Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport

Implementation Phase

The goal is to succeed as a democratic state with a stable political system, dynamic economic growth and stable growth of incomes of its citizens.

This is not an explicit NUP but it guides the urban development in the country.

National Council for Sustainable Development

Implementation Phase

Medium Term Development Paper
The plan has two main objectives: an overall improvement of mobility and accessibility of public transport and to support environmentally sustainable transportation by promoting public transport.

**TITLE OF NUP**
Master Plan for Comprehensive Urban Transport in Vientiane Capital

**FOCUS**
The plan has two main objectives: an overall improvement of mobility and accessibility of public transport and to support environmentally sustainable transportation by promoting public transport.

**COMMENTS**
There is no explicit NUP. Urban planning undertaken through Master and Detail Plans.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Urban Development Administration Authorities

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**LINK**
[QR Code]
The goal is to establish an efficient, equitable and sustainable national framework to guide the country towards becoming a high-income nation status by 2020.

This is an explicit NUP.

Federal Department of Town and Country Planning Peninsular Malaysia

National Physical Plan 2010

Monitoring and Evaluation Phase

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development
National Housing Policy, National Heritage Act, and the 10th Malaysia Plan
The plan has several goals related to climate change, adaptation strategies, and food security on the island. The strategy looks at the pillars of sustainable development (economic growth, environmental conservation, social integration) through good governance and public participation.

The plan is created in conjunction with UNEP and is especially important in the wake of recovery efforts after the 2004 Tsunami.

Ministry of Housing and Urban Development

Implementation Phase


OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

The vision has several objectives and they include: enhancing operations in a growing interdependent world, enhancing socio-economic self-reliance, improving literacy, improving overall health, and ensure environmental sustainability.

This plan is not an explicit NUP.

Marshall Islands, Asia & Pacific

209 GDP per capita (2014)

53,000 Population (2016)

0.2% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

N/A Inflation rate

97.7% Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

70.2% Forested area (% of land area)

93.5% Access to improved drinking water - urban areas

103/2.0 Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

29 (2011)% Labour force participation by females

53.3 (2011)% Labour force participation by males


4.7 (2011)% Unemployment (% of labour force)

72.7% Urban population

0.54% Inflation rate 2010-2015

44.6 (2012) Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

41.2 (2012) Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

TITLE OF NUP

FOCUS
The vision has several objectives and they include: enhancing operations in a growing interdependent world, enhancing socio-economic self-reliance, improving literacy, improving overall health, and ensure environmental sustainability.

COMMENTS
This plan is not an explicit NUP.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Majuro Atoll Local Government

STATUS OF NUP
Prefeasibility Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Micronesia (Federated States of), Asia & Pacific

**Title of NUP**
National Strategic Development Plan 2004-2023

**Focus**
The goal is to achieve economic growth and self-reliance.

**Comments**
Not an Explicit NUP.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**
Department of Housing and Urban Development

**Status of NUP**
Prefeasibility Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

---

**308** GDP per capita (2014)

**105,000** Population (2016)

**0.2%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)

**N/A** inflation rate

**87.4%** Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

**91.7%** Forested area (% of land area)

**147/1.4** Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

**N/A %** Labour force participation by females

**N/A %** Labour force participation by males

**69.9** Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

**68** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

**N/A %** Unemployment (% of labour force)

**22.4%** Urban population (2010-2015)

**0.3%** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

**N/A** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
The goal is to reduce poverty and become a middle income country by creating favourable social development conditions.

Not an explicit NUP. This plan is in conjunction with the Millennium Development goals.

Ministry of Construction and Urban Development

72% urban population

2010-2015

7.3% unemployment (% of labour force)

2015

75.9 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

7.3% unemployment (% of labour force)

2010-2015

72% urban population

2010-2015

75.9 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

52.9 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

73.3 Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)

64.8 Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)

56.2% labour force participation by females

68.4% labour force participation by males

8.2% forested area (% of land area)

41591/14.6 Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

59.2% access to improved drinking water - rural areas

66.4% access to improved drinking water - urban areas

0.6 inflation rate

1.7% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

3,006,000 Population (2016)

12.067 GDP per capita (2014)
National Urban Policy and Smart City Strategy

The development plans consist of State and Region Development Plans. Other plans include village, township, and district plans, industrial development plans, investment plans, and financial sector development plans.

FOCUS
The development plans consist of State and Region Development Plans. Other plans include village, township, and district plans, industrial development plans, investment plans, and financial sector development plans.

COMMENTS
There is no explicit NUP. The master plans guide urban developments. In November of 2014 the Minister declared the need of creation a NUP during the National Workshop of Urban Housing Policy and Planning.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Construction and Department of Public works and Department of Human Settlement and Housing Development (DHSHD)

STATUS OF NUP

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Master Plan for Yangon (draft)

Myanmar, Asia & Pacific

75.3% labour force participation by females

67.7 Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)

63.6 Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)

81.2% labour force participation by males

4.6% unemployment (% of labour force)


14.9 (2012) Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

34.1% urban population

2.47% 2010-2015

67.7 Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)

63.6 Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)

4.6% unemployment (% of labour force)


14.9 (2012) Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
TITLE OF NUP
National Sustainable Development Strategy 2005-2025

FOCUS
The Development Strategy sets out long-term goals for Nauru, they include: the development of domestic food production, rehabilitation of mined-out lands and the provision of enhanced social, infrastructure and utilities services.

COMMENTS
This is not an explicit NUP.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Nauru Island Council; Ministry for Finance and sustainable Development

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

182 GDP per capita (2014)
0.4% Population growth rate (2010-2015)
N/A Inflation rate
96.5% Access to improved drinking water - rural areas
44/4.3 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
49.3% (2011) labour force participation by females
78.9% (2011) labour force participation by males
63.2% Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
57.5% Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
22.7% (2002) unemployment (% of labour force)
100% Urban population
0.45% 2010-2015
N/A Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
N/A Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

Timeline of NUP
The National Urban Development Strategy focuses on formulating strategies to address urban problems by applying the principles of sustainability, inclusivity, resilience, and efficiency.

Explicit NUP: The NUDS complements the pre-existing NUP from 2007.


Ministry of Planning and Public Works; Department of Urban Development and Building Construction

Implementation Phase

19489 GDP per capita (2014)
28,851,000 Population (2016)
1.2% Population growth rate (2010-2015)
8.8 inflation rate
91.8% access to improved drinking water - rural areas
90.9% access to improved drinking water - urban areas
6502/0.2 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
79.7% labour force participation by females
86.6% labour force participation by males
70.5 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
67.6 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
2.8% unemployment (% of labour force)
18.6% urban population
3.21% 2010-2015
15.3 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
18.7 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

For a Better Urban Future
The National Policy Statement on Urban Development Capacity has five main themes: 1. enabling urban growth and development, 2. meeting the range of demands for housing and business lands, 3. enabling a competitive land development market, 4. improving the alignment between land use planning and infrastructure, and finally 5. fostering co-operative roles and relationships between councils.

The explicit NUP came into effect in November of 2016.

Minister for the Environment, and for Building and Housing.

The Vision document focuses on the creation of urban centres and creating competitive nodes in the economy. Elements of the Vision include promoting inclusive growth, good governance, energy, water and food, investing in the private sector, building the knowledge economy, and enhancing regional connectivity.

No explicit NUP. However, the federal government established a task force to develop an NUP in 2014. The NUP is at the diagnostic stage; diagnostic surveys of urban areas in Pakistan will serve as the basis for future NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Physical Planning and Housing Section in Planning Commission and Ministry of Climate Change

**STATUS OF NUP**
Diagnostic Phase

**TITLE OF NUP**
Vision 2025

**FOCUS**
The Vision document focuses on the creation of urban centres and creating competitive nodes in the economy. Elements of the Vision include promoting inclusive growth, good governance, energy, water and food, investing in the private sector, building the knowledge economy, and enhancing regional connectivity.

**COMMENTS**
No explicit NUP. However, the federal government established a task force to develop an NUP in 2014. The NUP is at the diagnostic stage; diagnostic surveys of urban areas in Pakistan will serve as the basis for future NUP.

**LINK**
Diagnostic Phase
TITLE OF NUP
National Master Development Plan 2020

FOCUS
The developmental goals of the 2020 Vision is to increase equitable economic growth, enrich and enhance the Palauan culture, and protect the national environment of Palau.

COMMENTS
This is not an explicit NUP. The government has National Master Development Plan 2020

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Public Infrastructure, Industries and Commerce

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PLAN; MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN 2001

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Economic Development Plan; Management Action Plan 2001

GDP per capita (2014)
234

Population (2016)
22,000

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
0.8%

Inflation rate
N/A

Access to improved drinking water - rural areas: N/A

Access to improved drinking water - urban areas: 97%

Co₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
224/10.7

Forested area (% of land area)
87.6%

Labour force participation by females
58.1% (2005)

Labour force participation by males
75.4% (2005)

Life expectancy at birth - females
49.1 (2013)

Life expectancy at birth - males
72.1 (2001-2005)

Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
66.3 (2001-2005)

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

Unemployment (% of labour force)
4.2 (2005)

Urban population
87.1% (2010-2015)

Labour force participation by females
4.2 (2005)

Labour force participation by males
58.1% (2005)

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
76.1 (2013)

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
97%

Access to improved drinking water - urban areas: N/A

Access to improved drinking water - rural areas: N/A

Inflation rate
4.2 (2005)

Unemployment (% of labour force)
58.1% (2005)

Labour force participation by females
75.4% (2005)

Labour force participation by males
87.1% (2010-2015)
The policy focuses on urbanization from two perspectives: benefits of urbanization and challenges arising from unmanaged urbanization. The NUP focuses on issues such as: infrastructure, land tenure reform, equity (in terms of health and income), and governance.

This is an Explicit NUP. PNG was the first Pacific Island country to develop a comprehensive NUP with the assistance of the Australian Government.

Leading Agency for Urban Development:
PNG Office of Urbanisation and Physical Planning Board

Status of NUP:
Implementation Phase

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:
The policy focuses on mainstreaming climate change into National Urban Policies.

The policy was developed with the assistance of UN-HABITAT and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

The policy was developed with the assistance of UN-HABITAT and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

Housing and Urban Development Coordinating Council and Philippine Institute for Development Studies

**PHILIPPINES DEVELOPMENT PLAN 2010-2016**


**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

- Philippines Development Plan 2010-2016 (2010)
- National Urban Development and Housing Framework (NUDHF) (2009-2016)

**Status of NUP**

- Monitoring and Evaluation Phase

**Link**

- NUP website

**Focus**

- The policy focuses on mainstreaming climate change into National Urban Policies.

**Comments**

- The policy was developed with the assistance of UN-HABITAT and United Nations Development Programme (UNDP).

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

- Housing and Urban Development Coordinating Council and Philippine Institute for Development Studies

**GDP per capita (2014)**

- 284,582

**Population (2016)**

- 102,250,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

- 1.6%

**Inflation rate**

- 1.8%

**Access to improved drinking water in rural areas**

- 90.3%

**Access to improved drinking water in urban areas**

- 93.7%

**Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**

- 982.39/1.0

**Labour force participation by females**

- 50.4%

**Labour force participation by males**

- 78.8%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

- 71.6

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

- 64.7

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

- 6.6%

**Urban population**

- 44.4%

**Forested area (% of land area)**

- 64.7

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 3.1%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 40.3

**Labour force participation by females**

- 78.8%

**Labour force participation by males**

- 78.8%

**Inflation rate**

- 6.6%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

- 5.4%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 78.8%

**Labour force participation by males**

- 78.8%

**Inflation rate**

- 6.6%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

- 50.4%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 40.3

**Labour force participation by females**

- 78.8%

**Labour force participation by males**

- 78.8%

**Inflation rate**

- 6.6%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

- 50.4%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 40.3

**Labour force participation by females**

- 78.8%

**Labour force participation by males**

- 78.8%

**Inflation rate**

- 6.6%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

- 50.4%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

- 40.3
The policy was developed in response to the perceived need for a strong mechanism to coordinate policy and planning especially land use policy to plan for strategic infrastructure investments in Apia. Strategies in the policy include city development strategy, land and infrastructure management, improved access to facilities and improved community well-being.

This is an explicit NUP and it is for “Sustainable, Resilient and Inclusive cities”

Planning and Urban Management (PUMA); Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment

National Urban Policy

Implementation Phase

Vaitele Urban Government pilot project.
The plan focuses on outlining detailed plans for land use and zoning. It also encompasses designated national parks and nature reserves.

**FOCUS**


**COMMENTS**

There is no explicit NUP. However, there are highly developed Master Plans and Concept Plans that guide urbanisation.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Urban Redevelopment Authority

**LINK**

Monitoring and evaluation

**STATUS OF NUP**

**TITLE OF NUP**

Master Plan

**GDP per capita (2014)**

307872

**Population (2016)**

5,697,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

2%

**Inflation rate**

-0.5%

**Access to improved drinking water**

- urban areas

23.1%

- rural areas

5.9%

**Forest area (% of land area)**

57.8%

**Labour force participation by females**

69.2%

**Labour force participation by males**

72.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

85.6

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

79.6

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

2.8%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

65.3%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

66.5%

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

2%

**Inflation rate**

-0.5%
The policy seeks to improve the quality of life of all Islanders through economic reform, sustainable economic growth, environmental sustainability, social services and quality infrastructures for all Islanders.

This is an explicit NUP. The policy integrates manifestos of the United Democratic Party for Social Reform and Economic Advancement, Kadere Party of Solomon Islands and the People’s Alliance.

Ministry of Lands, Housing and Survey


Solomon Islands, Asia & Pacific
The aim of the policy is to separate the western region due to its comparative advantage in relation to other regions in the country. The purpose of the separation is to promote growth which will benefit the other regions through backward integration, while also benefiting the western region. The overall objective is to create a competitive system of environmentally sustainable and well-linked cities.

**FOCUS**
The plan is an explicit NUP. It is supplemented with an array of other policy documents.

**COMMENTS**
The plan is an explicit NUP. It is supplemented with an array of other policy documents.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Urban Development Authority

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
**Country Partnership Strategy with the Asian Development Bank (2016-2030)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FOCUS</th>
<th>The strategy focuses on energy security and efficiency, food security and economic diversification. In terms of urban development, the strategy insists on infrastructure developments as part of an energy-transport-urban nexus.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COMMENTS</td>
<td>Country Partnership Strategy with the Asian Development Bank (2016-2030)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STATUS OF NUP</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

Country Partnership Strategy with the Asian Development Bank (2036-2030)

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**Tajikistan, Asia & Pacific**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GDP per capita (2014)</td>
<td>9242</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population (2016)</td>
<td>8,670,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population growth rate (2010-2015)</td>
<td>2.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inflation rate</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to improved drinking water - rural areas</td>
<td>66.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)</td>
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</tr>
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<td>3586/0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labour force participation by females</td>
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<td>77.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Urban population %</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment (% of labour force)</td>
<td>10.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
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<td>30.4</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
The Act focuses on land management, land use that considers environmental and cultural values, planning structures, creating safe and secure environments, balancing the needs of present and considering future interest for all people, and enabling public participation in the planning process.

This is not an explicit NUP, there is National Spatial Plan and Management Act.

Planning Urban and Management Division

Implementation Phase


UN-Habitat FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE
Turkmenistan, Asia & Pacific

47932 GDP per capita (2014)

5,439,000 Population (2016)

1.3% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

N/A inflation rate

N/A access to improved drinking water - rural areas

8.8% forested area (% of land area)

50% urban population

1.94% 2010-2015

66893/12.8 CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)

61.3 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

69.7 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

77.3% labour force participation by males

50% labour force participation by females

9.7 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

47.1% labour force participation by females

10.1% unemployment (% of labour force)

6.2 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

1.3% inflation rate

6.2% access to improved drinking water - urban areas

1.3% access to improved drinking water - rural areas


Ministry of Economy and Development

Leading agency for urban development

Feasibility Phase

Other documents or guidelines for urban development

National Development Strategy 2014-2020

Link

Not an explicit NUP
The strategy has outer island and Falekaupule development as a key strategy and has different priorities such as good governance, economic growth, improved basic infrastructure, social development. Each priority plays a vital role in attaining the "Vision", which is to achieve a healthier, more educated, peaceful, prosperous Tuvalu. Under "Social Development," the National Strategy has housing as a key objective, including improving housing standards and improving the provision and availability of housing, reviewing land leases to afford greater security and "develop an urban management plan for Funafuti that offers land for residential development."

### Comments
This is not an explicit NUP

### LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Local Government

### STATUS OF NUP
Diagnostic Phase

### OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

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**Timeline of NUP**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>GDP per capita</th>
<th>Population</th>
<th>Inflation rate</th>
<th>Co2 emission estimates</th>
<th>Access to improved drinking water - urban areas</th>
<th>Access to improved drinking water - rural areas</th>
<th>CO2 emission estimates</th>
<th>Participation by females</th>
<th>Labour force participation by males</th>
<th>Urban population</th>
<th>Unemployment</th>
<th>Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop</th>
<th>Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>$38 (2014)</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>33.3%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>47.9%</td>
<td>69.6%</td>
<td>47.9%</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**UN-Habitat for a Better Urban Future**
The policy focuses on promoting healthy, balanced, and liveable urban areas. The three main directions are: restructuring of the spatial planning system for increased coordination and capacity, improving the quality of space and life, and strengthening the social structures of settlements.


**Focus**
The policy focuses on promoting healthy, balanced, and liveable urban areas. The three main directions are: restructuring of the spatial planning system for increased coordination and capacity, improving the quality of space and life, and strengthening the social structures of settlements.

**Comments**
N/A

**Leading Agency For Urban Development**
Ministry of Environment and Urbanization

**Status of NUP**
N/A

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**
N/A

**Monitoring and evaluation**
The plan focuses on economic development and forecasting population growth. The policy also aims to define the direction of settlements.

**TITLE OF NUP**
Master Plan of Population Settlement

**FOCUS**
The plan focuses on economic development and forecasting population growth. The policy also aims to define the direction of settlements.

**COMMENTS**
Not an explicit NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
The Uzbek Agency of Communal services

**STATUS OF NUP**
Diagnostic Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Vanuatu, Asia & Pacific

**TITLE OF NUP**
Draft Vanuatu Land Use Planning and Zoning Policy

**FOCUS**
The policy aims to guide land use planning by setting priorities and outlining legislative and institutional settings to enable land use planning that is sustainable.

**COMMENTS**
This is not an Explicit NUP - Tuvalu are undergoing a diagnostic and drafting phase.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Physical Planning Unity Ministry of Internal Affairs

**STATUS OF NUP**
Diagnostic Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
The National Urban Development Strategy is under development with the support of UN-Habitat. It is being financed by UN Development Account, Cities Alliance, and Asian Development Bank. Other involved UN branches and offices include the ROAP and Viet Nam Country Office.

Other documents or guidelines for urban development include:
- National Urban Development Programme 2012-2020
- Vietnam Urban Upgrading Project (VUUP) 2004-2014
- National Urban Upgrading Strategy and Overall Investment Plan (NUUP)
- Orientation Plan for Urban Development 2025
EUROPE & NORTH AMERICA
This law aims to ensure the sustainable development of the territory through the rational use of land and natural resources.

There is currently no explicit NUP. However, improved national urban policy frameworks is stated as a result of UN-Habitat’s Programme on ‘Regional Capacity Strengthening Programme in Urban Management and Housing Support’

National Territorial Council and National Territorial Planning Agency; Ministry of Public Works and Transport


Implementation Phase

GDP per capita (2014): 13,413
Population (2016): 2,904,000
Inflation rate: 1.3%
Population growth rate (2010-2015): 1.3%

Access to improved drinking water-
urban areas: 90%
-rural areas: 5% (2010-2015)

CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita): 48.15/1.7

Labour force participation by females: 40.4%
Labour force participation by males: 60.6%

Life expectancy at birth-
males (2010-2015): 75
-males (2010-2015): 57.4%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 17.5%

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 52.4%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%

Access to improved drinking water-
urban areas: 95.2%
-rural areas: 95.2%

Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

Labour force participation by females: 60.6%
Labour force participation by males: 75%

Est. Forested area (% of land area): 75%

Life expectancy at birth-
males (2010-2015): 73.8
-females (2010-2015): 52.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%

Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

Labour force participation by females: 60.6%
Labour force participation by males: 75%

Est. Forested area (% of land area): 75%

Life expectancy at birth-
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Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

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Labour force participation by males: 75%

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-females (2010-2015): 52.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%

Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

Labour force participation by females: 60.6%
Labour force participation by males: 75%

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Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%

Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

Labour force participation by females: 60.6%
Labour force participation by males: 75%

Est. Forested area (% of land area): 75%

Life expectancy at birth-
males (2010-2015): 73.8
-females (2010-2015): 52.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%

Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

Labour force participation by females: 60.6%
Labour force participation by males: 75%

Est. Forested area (% of land area): 75%

Life expectancy at birth-
males (2010-2015): 73.8
-females (2010-2015): 52.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%

Inflation rate: 17.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force): 40.4%

Labour force participation by females: 60.6%
Labour force participation by males: 75%

Est. Forested area (% of land area): 75%

Life expectancy at birth-
males (2010-2015): 73.8
-females (2010-2015): 52.4

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 2.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014): 73.8%
Andorra’s policies regarding urbanization remain sectoral. There is not explicit NUP.

**Andorra, Europe & North America**

- **GDP per capita (2014):** 69,000
- **Population (2016):** 3278
- **Inflation rate (2010-2015):** -3.6%
- **Access to improved drinking water (urban areas):** 100%
- **Access to improved drinking water (rural areas):** 100%
- **Forest area (% of land area):** 34%
- **CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita):** 491/6.5
- **Labour force participation by females (%)**
- **Labour force participation by males (%)**
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015):**
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015):**
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 85.1%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 100%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):**

**Title of NUP:** N/A

**Focus:** N/A

**Comments:** Andorra’s policies regarding urbanization remain sectoral. There is not explicit NUP.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development:** Ministry of Territorial Planning

**Status of NUP:** N/A

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:** N/A
The concept provides guidance to spatial planning and development at national and city/municipal levels. It focuses on developing polycentric communities and managing population growth. The concept also considers strengthening urban-rural linkages by developing infrastructure to support the network of small and medium sized municipalities.

TITLE OF NUP
Austrian Spatial Development Concept

FOCUS
The concept provides guidance to spatial planning and development at national and city/municipal levels. It focuses on developing polycentric communities and managing population growth. The concept also considers strengthening urban-rural linkages by developing infrastructure to support the network of small and medium sized municipalities.

COMMENTS
N/A

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Federal Chancellery (Directorate for Territorial Cooperation)

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation Phase

LINK

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Sectoral policies co-funded by the different levels of government from National to Regional and local levels. Ex. Integrated Transport Service and Tariff Systems

Timeline of NUP

Austria, Europe & North America
The National Housing Programme (1999), the National Concept for the Development of Towns and Cities in the Republic of Belarus, the National Action Plan for the Development of Towns and Cities in the Republic of Belarus (2000), and the National Strategy of Sustainable Development of the Republic of Belarus.

Other documents or guidelines for urban development:
- State Scheme of the Territorial Organization
- Leading Agency for Urban Development: Ministry of Architecture and Construction

Implementation Phase

Title of NUP
- N/A

Focus
- N/A

Comments
- N/A

Leading agency for urban development
- Ministry of Architecture and Construction

Status of NUP

Link

Other documents or guidelines for urban development
- The National Housing Programme (1999), the National Concept for the Development of Towns and Cities in the Republic of Belarus, the National Action Plan for the Development of Towns and Cities in the Republic of Belarus (2000), and the National Strategy of Sustainable Development of the Republic of Belarus.
The policy is implemented through contracts with cities, which have a wide range of objectives: neighborhood regeneration, climate change, housing upgrades, etc.

Explicit NUP

The Federal Big City Policy (Grootstedenbeleid/Politique des Grandes Villes (2000)), and each of the three regions have a regional urban policy.

Federal Public Service

Federal Big City Policy

The Federal Big City Policy (Grootstedenbeleid/Politique des Grandes Villes (2000)), and each of the three regions have a regional urban policy.

Implementation Phase

Other documents or guidelines for urban development

The Federal Big City Policy (Grootstedenbeleid/Politique des Grandes Villes (2000)), and each of the three regions have a regional urban policy.
The spatial plan guides spatial developments in the Republic of Srpska.

**Focused Area:**
- National urban policy frameworks improved as a result of UN-Habitat's Programme on 'Regional Capacity Strengthening Programme in Urban Management and Housing Support'.

**Comments:**
- Improved national urban policy frameworks is stated as a result of UN-Habitat's Programme on 'Regional Capacity Strengthening Programme in Urban Management and Housing Support'.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development:**
- Ministry of Spatial Planning, Civil Engineering and Ecology

**Status of NUP:**
- Implementation Phase

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:**
- Republic of Srpska adopted a Spatial Plan to guide its spatial development while the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina does not have a Spatial Plan (2007)

**Link:**
- [Implementation Phase](#)

**Timeline of NUP:**
- Spatial Plan 2015-2025, Republic of Srpska
The main target groups of the program are 39 urban centers (level 1, 2 and 3). There are several focus areas, such as: sustainable urban development, roads and integrated urban transport, regional tourism, regional health, social and educational infrastructure, and energy efficiency in public and residential buildings.


There is not one explicit document that deals exclusively with urban development. However, there is a network of policies that relate to urban and regional development. There is no explicit NUP.

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TITLE OF NUP</th>
<th>FOCUS</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sectoral Policies</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Federal Government with Municipalities

**STATUS OF NUP**
Pre-feasibility Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Sectoral Policies; Provincial and Municipal Approach-Constution 1982; Caucus Task Force on Urban Issues 2001

**GDP per capita (2014)**
- Canada, Europe & North America: 1785387

**Population (2016)**
- 36,286,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
- 1%

**Access to improved drinking water**
- Urban areas: 100%
- Rural areas: 99%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
- 38.2%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**
- 475735/13.5

**Labour force participation**
- Females: 61.1%
- Males: 70.5%

**Life expectancy at birth**
- Females: 83.8 (2010-2015)
- Males: 79.7 (2010-2015)

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
- 6.9%

**Labour force participation by gender**
- Females: 70.5%
- Males: 81.1% (2010-2015)

**Tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- Male: 6.9%
- Female: 81.1%
The plan tackles a severe housing problem by contributing to cultural and historical heritage restoration, repair or reconstruction of destroyed and damaged buildings.
The 2010 principles of urban policy lay out the foundation for a future national urban policy. The principles highlight the importance of urban policy for regional development in a multi-sectoral manner. The focus is on the environment, sustainable urban development, and promoting growth by creating regional development poles.

The principles are termed as an explicit NUP, however, they provide a framework for creating a future NUP. The principles are representative of an implicit NUP. They were formulated in 2010 and thus they are at the implementation stage.

The principles are laid out in the Network of Urban Development Policies, the Regional Development Strategy of the Czech Republic, the National Strategic Reference Framework of the Czech Republic, the Sustainable Development Strategic Framework, the Spatial Development Policy of the Czech Republic, and other sectoral policies such as the Master Plan for Prague.

**Minister of Regional Development**

**Network of Urban Development Policies, the Regional Development Strategy of the Czech Republic, the National Strategic Reference Framework of the Czech Republic, the Sustainable Development Strategic Framework, the Spatial Development Policy of the Czech Republic, and other sectoral policies such as the Master Plan for Prague.**
Timeline of NUP

The act focuses on urban renewal and regeneration of towns and cities.

It is not an explicit NUP.

Ministry of Business and Growth; Ministry of Immigration, Integration and Housing

National level strategy titled “Ghetto Strategy” (ghetto-strategi-2010) enacted in 29 program areas; Planning Act Legislation (Danish Act on Urban Renewal and Urban Development (2015) and the Danish Planning Act (2015)).

Implementation Phase

Other documents or guidelines for urban development

GDP per capita (2014)
Population (2016)
Inflation rate
Access to improved drinking water: urban areas
Access to improved drinking water: rural areas
Forest area (% of land area)
Labor force participation rate by females (2010-2015)
Labor force participation rate by males (2010-2015)
Unemployment (% of labour force)
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

Denmark, Europe & North America
The strategy has four main goals: to provide opportunities in large and small urban centres, creating international competitiveness of cities through innovation and attractive living environments, to optimize regional resources and specializations, and to increase connectiveness and cooperation among regions.

Estonia’s Regional Development Strategy identified the development of a national urban policy as one of its goals, however, a policy is yet to be developed.

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**LINK**
Sustainable Estonia 21 (2008)
Timeline of NUP


**TITLE OF NUP**

Urban Growth Agreements

**FOCUS**

These agreements are between the national and local governments and focus on economic growth and increase the competitiveness of cities.

**COMMENTS**

Finland does not have an explicit NUP, however, it has national programmes that contribute to urban development.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment

**STATUS OF NUP**

Monitorin and Evaluation Phase

**LINK**

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Sectoral programs such as Metropolitan policy (2007). Specific policies as Regional Centre Program, Lähidothjelma (2008-2011), and the Innovative Cities Programme (INKA 2014-2017).

**GDP per capita (2014)**

272217

**Population (2016)**

5,524,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

0.5%

**Inflation rate**

0.4

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**

100%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**

100%

**Forested area (% of land area)**

73.1%

**CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**

46300/8.5

**Labour force participation by females**

55.4%

**Labour force participation by males**

62.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

83.4

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

77.6

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

8.7%

**Inflation rate**

0.54%

2010-2015

**Urban population**

0.54%

2010-2015

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

80.5

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

97.2

**GDP per capita (2014)**

272217

**Population (2016)**

5,524,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

0.5%

**Inflation rate**

0.4

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**

100%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**

100%

**Forested area (% of land area)**

73.1%

**CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**

46300/8.5

**Labour force participation by females**

55.4%

**Labour force participation by males**

62.4%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

83.4

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

77.6

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

8.7%

**Inflation rate**

0.54%

2010-2015

**Urban population**

0.54%

2010-2015

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

80.5

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

97.2
The city contracts focus on three main areas: development of economic activities and employment, living conditions and urban renewal, and social cohesion.
The NUP is a joint initiative between the federal, state, and local levels and serves as a framework and communication platform, attempting to engage a wide variety of stakeholders.

**TITLE OF NUP**
Nationa Urban Development Policy - a joint initiative of the federal state and local governments

**FOCUS**
The NUP is a joint initiative between the federal, state, and local levels and serves as a framework and communication platform, attempting to engage a wide variety of stakeholders.

**COMMENTS**
Explicit

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of the Environment and Building

**STATUS OF NUP**

**LINK**
Monitoring and Evaluation

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Spatial Development Concept and Strategy (2006)
The law has a broad mandate which covers environmental concerns, housing, and cultural preservation.

There is explicit NUP however the law acts as the policy.

Ministry of Environment and Energy

Regional plans and city plans are used as implementation tools for urban development: Urban II (EU)

Monitoring and Evaluation

Spatial and Urban Planning Reform- Sustainable Development (Law 4269/2014)

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

Regional plans and city plans are used as implementation tools for urban development: Urban II (EU)
The National Settlement Policy is currently under preparation. The development objectives are to create a multi-centered spatial structure, that focuses on the development of a network of cities and fostering functional urban areas, with a special focus on the Budapest area.

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Settlement Policy

**FOCUS**
The National Settlement Policy is currently under preparation. The development objectives are to create a multi-centered spatial structure, that focuses on the development of a network of cities and fostering functional urban areas, with a special focus on the Budapest area.

**COMMENTS**
The NUP that is under preparation by the Prime Minister’s Office, is in parallel with the European and UN-Habitat urban agendas.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Prime Minister’s Office

**STATUS OF NUP**
Formulation Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
National Development Concept 2030, and smaller sectoral policies, such as the Law on Shaping and Protecting the Built Environment (Act LXXVIII, 1997) and the Law on Spatial Development and Physical Planning (Act XXI, 1996)
Iceland 2020

**TITLE OF NUP**
Iceland 2020

**FOCUS**
Iceland 2020 - governmental policy statement for the economy and community guides regional development. It focuses on strengthening municipalities.

**COMMENTS**
It is not an explicit NUP. The policy statement provides guidance for regional developments.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Prime Minister’s Office

**STATUS OF NUP**
N/A

**LINK**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
N/A
The Plan lays the foundation for future developments in the country with a focus on spatial development, cooperation and infrastructure.

**National Planning Framework**

**FOCUS**
The Plan lays the foundation for future developments in the country with a focus on spatial development, cooperation and infrastructure.

**COMMENTS**
An Partial NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Department of Environment, Community and Local Government

**STATUS OF NUP**
Formulation Phase

**LINK**
[UN-Habitat QR Code]

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Planning Framework

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
National Development Plan (NDP), National Spatial Strategy 2002-2020 (NSS), and National Planning Framework.

**Timeline of NUP**
- 1960
- 1970
- 1980
- 1990
- 2000
- 2010
- 2020
- 2030
- 2040

**GDP per capita (2014)**
250814

**Population (2016)**
4,714,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
0.3%

**Inflation rate**
0%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**
97.8%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**
97.9%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
10.8%

**CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**
34965/7.5

**Labour force participation by females**
57.2%

**Labour force participation by males**
68.2%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
82.7

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
78.4

**Urban population (2010-2015)**
63.2%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
75.2

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
71.2

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
0.97%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
11.3%

**Labour force participation by females**
68.2%

**Labour force participation by males**
63.2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
0%

**Inflation rate**
0%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
11.3%

**Labour force participation by females**
68.2%

**Labour force participation by males**
63.2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
0%

**Inflation rate**
0%
The policies focus on urban development in deprived neighborhoods and infrastructure upgrading. The policies also have a broader social and economic aspects as well.

This is an explicit NUP but there is no policy up to now.

Department for the Coordination of Regional Development of the Ministry of Public Works

Monitoring and Evaluation

Porto & Staznioni (2002)
The purpose of the law is to ensure rational spatial planning and development. The law focuses on achieving a balance between development and preservation of open space and protection of the environment.

**TITLE OF NUP**

Law on Spatial Planning

**FOCUS**

The purpose of the law is to ensure rational spatial planning and development. The law focuses on achieving a balance between development and preservation of open space and protection of the environment.

**COMMENTS**

Not an explicit NUP. The law guides development in the country.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Ministry of Environment and Spatial Planning

**STATUS OF NUP**

N/A

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Spatial Plan of Kosovo and Spatial Plans for Special Areas (currently being drafted)

**LINK**

N/A
The strategy covers a wide variety of sectors such as: culture, education, health care, employment, infrastructure, and spatial development.

**TITLE OF NUP**

**Sustainable Development Strategy of Latvia until 2030; National Development Plan 2014-2020; Regional Policy Guidelines until 2019**

**FOCUS**


**COMMENTS**

Partial

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development

**STATUS OF NUP**

Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Strategic planning and development guidelines: the Sustainable Development Strategy of Latvia up to 2030 (SDSL) and the Latvian National Development Plan 2007 - 2013 (NDF).
Lithuania, Europe & North America

**Timeline of NUP**
- 1960
- 1970
- 1980
- 1990
- 2000
- 2010
- 2020
- 2030
- 2040

**NUP Information**

**TITLE OF NUP**
City Strategic Plan - Vilnius

**FOCUS**
N/A

**COMMENTS**
Not an explicit NUP. The document is a strategic plan for the city of Vilnius

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Environment

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**Link**

**GDP per capita (2014)**
48392

**Population (2016)**
2,850,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
-1.6%

**Inflation rate**
0.9

**Access to improved drinking water**
90.4%

**Rural areas**
34.7%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
67.4

**CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**
12640/4.3

**Labour force participation by females**
54.1%

**Labour force participation by males**
65.3%

**Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)**
78.8

**Life expectancy at birth-males (2010-2015)**
67.4

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
55.8

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
82

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
10.7%

**Inflation rate**
-1.6%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
-1.6%

**Urban population %**
66.5%

**2010-2015**

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**
90.4%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**
99.7%

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
-1.6%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
-1.6%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
82

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
55.8

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
82

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
55.8
The programme promotes the development of dynamic attractive and competitive urban regions, the development of sustainable structures through diversification and increase density or use in urban areas, spatially balanced cities offering a high quality of life, partnership between cities and rural areas, and cooperation between municipalities.


OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Macedonia (The former Yugoslav Republic of), Europe & North America

- **11319** GDP per capita (2014)
- **2,081,000** Population (2016)
- **0.2%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- **-0.2%** Inflation rate
- **98.9%** Access to improved drinking water (rural areas)
- **99.8%** Access to improved drinking water (urban areas)
- **39.6%** Forested area (% of land area)
- **8295/4.0** CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
- **43.9%** Labour force participation by females
- **68.2%** Labour force participation by males
- **77.5** Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
- **72.9** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
- **28%** Unemployment (% of labour force)
- **57.1%** Urban population - % 2010-2015
- **34.9%** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **44.1%** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **77.5** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
- **-0.2** Inflation rate
- **28%** Unemployment (% of labour force)
- **57.1%** Urban population - % 2010-2015
- **34.9%** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **44.1%** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

**Title of NUP:** Spatial Plan of the Republic of Macedonia

**Focus:** N/A

**Comments:** N/A

**Leading Agency for Urban Development:** Ministry of Environment and Spatial Planning

**Status of NUP:** N/A

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:** N/A
The National Sustainable Development strategy was established to build upon and harmonize the various sectoral, economic, social and environmental policies and plans that are operating in the country. The strategy ensures the implementation of a socially responsible economic development that protects the resources base and environment for the benefit of future generations. This is not an explicit NUP. The key priority areas of the strategy are the environment, the economy, society, cross-cutting issues and the implementation of strategies.

**FOCUS**

The process of drafting the National Strategy for Sustainable Development was initiated during the 5th meeting of Malta’s National Commission for Sustainable Development (NCSD), held on 9th of December, 2002.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Malta Environment & Planning Authority

**STATUS OF NUP**

N/A

**TITLE OF NUP**

Sustainable Development Strategy for Malta (2007-2016)

**LINK**

N/A

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

N/A
The main objectives are economic growth and revitalization, improving living standards. Other focus areas include the restoration and regeneration capacity of natural resources.

An explicit urban development policy is missing from the governmental framework.

The Leading Agency for Urban Development is the Ministry of Regional Development and Construction.

Other documents or guidelines for urban development include the General Plan of Chisinau’s Development 2020, Law on Urban Planning and Territory Arrangement Bases (1996), and the Concept of Sustainable Development of Settlements of the Republic of Moldova (2001), as part of the Regional Development Policy.

The implementation phase of the NUP is 45%.
As a city, national urban policies are essentially national development policies for Monaco.

The ministry is committed to a proactive policy for sustainable development.

As a city, national urban policies are essentially national development policies for Monaco.
Montenegro, Europe & North America

**Timeline of NUP**

- **2002-2022**

**FOCUS**

The plan focuses on energy, infrastructure expansion, and tourism development.

**COMMENTS**

The policies relating to urbanization remain sectoral in Montenegro.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Directorate of Spatial Planning

**STATUS OF NUP**

N/A

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

N/A

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**GDP per capita**

626,000 (2016)

**Population growth rate**

0.1% (2010-2015)

**Inflation rate**

-0.3%

**Access to improved drinking water**

- urban areas

99.2%

- rural areas

61.5%

**Forest area (%) of land area**

73.8%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**

2248/3.6

**Labour force participation by females**

42%

**Labour force participation by males**

56.2%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

18%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

78.2

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

64%

**Urban population (%) 2010-2015**

- 4588

**Population (2016)**

- 626,000

**GDP per capita (2014)**

- 0.1%

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

- 61.5%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

- 73.8

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

- 78.2

**Unemployment rate (2010-2015)**

- 18%

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**National Spatial Plan**

**Directorate of Spatial Planning**

**UN-HABITAT**

For a Better Urban Future
The policy focuses on increasing economic growth, quality of life, and innovations in Dutch cities. The policy is based on three principles: 1. to promote the growth of cities and differentiate themselves, 2. to co-operate between urban developments and encourage cities to work together, and 3. to create conditions for innovation that will improve the quality of life and attract developers by fostering networks of data, energy, and transport infrastructure.

COMMENTS
The explicit NUP is being formulated. Initial proposal was submitted to the House of Representatives in June of 2015.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Interior and Kingdom Relations (in partnership with the Ministry of Infrastructure and Environment and the Ministry of Economic Affairs Centralised)

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT

GDP per capita (2014)
Population (2016)
Population growth rate (2010-2015)
access to improved drinking water urban areas
CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
labour force participation by females
labour force participation by males
Life expectancy at birth-females (2010-2015)
Life expectancy at birth males (2010-2015)
unemployment (% of labour force)
urban population
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
The joint program, between the national government and the city of Oslo, is directed at improving living conditions in deprived areas, such as the Grorud Valley.

Title of NUP
Local Level planning - Groruddalsatsingen program

Focus
The joint program, between the national government and the city of Oslo, is directed at improving living conditions in deprived areas, such as the Grorud Valley.

Comments
N/A

Leading Agency for Urban Development
Ministry of Local Government and Regional Development

Status of NUP
N/A

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

Timeline of NUP
1990
2000
2010
2020
2030
2040

Norway, Europe & North America

Population (2016)
5,272,000

GDP per capita (2014)
500,519

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
1.3%

Inflation rate
3.5%

Access to improved drinking water - urban areas
100%

Access to improved drinking water - rural areas
100%

Forested area (% of land area)
33.2%

CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
596,361/11.7

Labour force participation by females
61.2%

Labour force participation by males
68.6%

Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
83.4%

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
79.2%

Life expectancy at birth - males
79.2

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
91.4%

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
1.47%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
6.12%

Labour force participation by males
68.6%

Labour force participation by females
61.2%

Inflation rate
3.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
6.12%

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
1.3%

Forested area (% of land area)
33.2%

CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
596,361/11.7

Labour force participation by females
61.2%

Labour force participation by males
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Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
83.4%

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
79.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
91.4%

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
1.47%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
6.12%

Labour force participation by males
68.6%

Labour force participation by females
61.2%

Inflation rate
3.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
6.12%

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
1.3%

Forested area (% of land area)
33.2%

CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)
596,361/11.7

Labour force participation by females
61.2%

Labour force participation by males
68.6%

Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
83.4%

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
79.2%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
91.4%

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
1.47%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
6.12%

Labour force participation by males
68.6%

Labour force participation by females
61.2%

Inflation rate
3.5%

Unemployment (% of labour force)
6.12%

Population growth rate (2010-2015)
1.3%
The NUP aims to strengthen the capacity of cities and urbanized areas for sustainable development, create jobs, and improve quality of life for its residents.

The NUP was established in 2015 until 2023, it sets out the government’s urban policy related activities with context of the National Development Strategy and the National Strategy for Regional Development.

Other documents or guidelines for urban development:
- National Urban Policy 2023 / Strategy for Sustainable Development (SRD)
- Ministry of Economic Development (previously Ministry of Infrastructure and Development).

Leading agency for urban development: Ministry of Economic Development.
The national policy provides principles and guidelines for sustainable urban development. It is focused on four axes: smartness and competitiveness, sustainability and efficiency, inclusion and human capital, and place-based planning and governance.

This is an explicit NUP

EU Urban Planning programs such as JESSICA Initiative (2009); Urban Rehabilitation programs, Urban Environment Improvement programme (MCOTA), and Digital City Projects

Implementation Phase

Portugal, Europe & North America
The focus areas are climate change, clean energy, sustainable transport, sustainable consumption and production, public health, social inclusion, demography, and migration.

The strategy is not an explicit NUP. However, the development and implementation of a National Urban Policy has been prioritized in Romania. The National sustainable development strategy was approved by the government in 2008.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Regional Development and Tourism; Ministry of Development, Public Works and Housing

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
There is no explicit NUP. Development is managed at a sectoral level rather than territorial.
San Marino is a city state, in which territorial planning is managed by the Territory and Environment Department. The department is responsible for developing, managing, and implementing management and control of General Town Planning Scheme.

**Timeline of NUP**

- 1845 GDP per capita (2014)
- 32,000 Population (2016)
- 0.7% Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- 0.6 inflation rate
- % access to improved drinking water - rural areas
- 0% forested area (% of land area)
- 53.8 (2003)% labour force participation by females
- 79.2 (2003)% labour force participation by males
- 6.6% unemployment (% of labour force)
- 94.2% urban population - 2010-2015
- 69.9 (2012) Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

**Title of NUP**

N/A

**Focus**

N/A

**Comments**

San Marino is a city state, in which territorial planning is managed by the Territory and Environment Department. The department is responsible for developing, managing, and implementing management and control of General Town Planning Scheme.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

Territory and Environment Department

**Status of NUP**

N/A

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

N/A

**GDP per capita (2014)**

1845

**Population (2016)**

32,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

0.7%
The government hopes that the plan will be more than just a spatial plan, but it will initiate broader reforms outside the sphere of physical planning. The hope is for the plan to address issues such as governance and economic development.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Ministry of Construction, Transport and Infrastructure

**STATUS OF NUP**

Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Provincial Secretariat for Urban Planning

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**GDP per capita (2014)**

43866

**Population (2016)**

8,813,000

**Inflation rate**

1.1

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

-0.5%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**

98.9%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**

99.4%

**Forest area (%) of land area**

31.1%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**

44869/5.0

**Labour force participation by females**

43.4%

**Labour force participation by males**

60.2%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

77.5

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

71.8

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

18.9%

**Urban population**

-0.28%

2010-2015

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

50.5

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

66
The national urban policy is still being developed. Its main elements will be strategic, integrated and multi-governance approach to systematically support liveable and productive cities.
TITLE OF NUP
Spatial Development Strategy of Slovenia (SDSS)

FOCUS
The strategy focuses on quality of life and improvement of residential areas, especially on social housing.

COMMENTS
Slovenia has a partial urban development policy; however, relevant strategic directions can be found in strategic spatial planning documents.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Spatial planning at national level (for national infrastructures) is co-ordinated by the Ministry of the Environment and Spatial Planning

STATUS OF NUP
Monitoring and Evaluation Phase

LINK
National level Act; Spatial Planning Act 2007

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Spatial Development Strategy of Slovenia (SDSS)

GDP per capita (2014)
0.2%
Population growth rate (2010-2015)
99.4%
access to improved drinking water - rural areas
62%
ed, forested area (% of land area)
52.4%
labour force participation by females
83.1
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
9.7%
unemployment (% of labour force)
68.2
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

Population (2016)
-0.1%
inflation rate
99.7%
access to improved drinking water - urban areas
14441/7.0
Co2, emission estimates (tons per capita)
63.3%
labour force participation by males
76.9
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

9.7%
urban population - % 2010-2015
49.7%
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
The Spanish Strategy on Local Urban Sustainability (Estrategia Española de Sostenibilidad Urbana y Local)

The strategy provides general guidelines for six thematic areas: urban form and planning instruments, accessibility, mobility, and sustainable transport, urban management, governance and citizen participation, building construction, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, and finally urban-rural relationships.

**TITLE OF NUP**
The Spanish Strategy on Local Urban Sustainability (Estrategia Española de Sostenibilidad Urbana y Local)

**FOCUS**
The strategy provides general guidelines for six thematic areas: urban form and planning instruments, accessibility, mobility, and sustainable transport, urban management, governance and citizen participation, building construction, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, and finally urban-rural relationships.

**COMMENTS**
Explicit NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Development

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Housing Plan (2005-2008); Land Policy (2005)
Livable Cities – the Swedish governmental policy for sustainable urban development

FOCUS
The policy focuses on three main pillars. The first one highlights the national priorities on housing, basic services, socio-economic wellbeing, culture, lifestyle, mobility and infrastructure, and climate, energy and the environment. The second pillar identifies the need for reform of the system and processes related to urban governance, legislation, regulations, urban design, and urban economy. The last pillar focuses on formulating strategies for development, implementation and monitoring. Together the three pillars function as a 3 step roadmap towards local implementation of global agendas and providing national support.

COMMENTS
The plan is still in the formulation stage. Its basis is the New Urban Agenda.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Environment

STATUS OF NUP
Formulation Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
General policies for urban areas; National Strategy for Integration; Storstadpolitiken (1998-2010); National Platform for Sustainable Urban Development (2014); National Negotiation on Housing and Infrastructure
The objectives of the policy are to: increase the quality of life, increase economic attractiveness, increase the quality of urban developments, and create efficient collaboration.

- Partial NUP
- The policy has been developed in parallel with the policy on rural space. They share common strategies and tools.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Federal Office for Spatial Development

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Sustainable Neighborhood Development II (2009 and 2010)
The strategy is not directly urban-focused. The sections dealing with urban areas primarily see cities as ways of increasing national competitiveness and concentrate on the needs of expanded infrastructure, including improved road and rail networks, and the provision of public transport.

**TITLE OF NUP**

*State Strategy for Regional Development 2020*

**FOCUS**
The strategy is not directly urban-focused. The sections dealing with urban areas primarily see cities as ways of increasing national competitiveness and concentrate on the needs of expanded infrastructure, including improved road and rail networks, and the provision of public transport.

**COMMENTS**
Partial NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Regional Development, Construction, Housing and Communal Services

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
State Strategy for Regional Development 2020; Resettlement Policy Framework
United States of America, Europe & North America

GDP per capita (2014) 17,348,072
Population (2016) 324,119,000
Inflation rate 1.3
Population growth rate (2010-2015) 0.8%
Access to improved drinking water - rural areas 98.2%
Access to improved drinking water - urban areas 99.4%
Forested area (% of land area) 33.8%
CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita) 5186168/16.1
Labour force participation by females 56.1%
Labour force participation by males 68.5%
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015) 81.3%
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015) 76.5%
Unemployment (% of labour force) 6.3%
Urban population 81.6%
Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014) 73.5%
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014) 100.7%

Timeline of NUP


TITLE OF NUP
Title 42-Section 4502 Congressional Findings and Declaration of Policy

FOCUS
Key investment areas are infrastructure, energy, housing, education, transportation, and urban security.

COMMENTS
Not an explicit NUP. The Executive Order 13503 signals the recognition by the federal government of the importance of urban areas to national success.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Department of Housing and Urban Development

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Initiatives launched by the federal government: Strong Cities, Strong Communities to Strengthen Capacities, Partnership for Sustainable Communities, the Neighbourhood Revitalization Initiative, the Choice Neighbourhood Programme, and the Promise Zones.
The National Urban and Habitat Plan (NUP) focuses on housing deficits, territorial imbalances, and neighborhood development. UN-Habitat is supporting its development. The plan has an explicit focus and is supported by the Ministry of Federal Planning, Public Investment and Services, Department of Public Works, Secretary of Urban Development and Housing.

- **Title of NUP**: National Urban and Habitat Plan
- **Focus**: The plan focuses on the housing deficit, territorial imbalances, and neighborhood development.
- **Comments**:
  - UN-Habitat is supporting in the development of the policy.
  - Explicit NUP
- **Leading Agency for Urban Development**: Ministry of Federal Planning, Public Investment and Services, Department of Public Works, Secretary of Urban Development and Housing
- **Status of NUP**: Diagnosis Phase
- **Link**: Territorial Strategic Plan (PET) Argentina 2016 and the Agenda Planning in Argentina

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**
- Territorial Strategic Plan (PET) Argentina 2016
- Agenda Planning in Argentina

**Key Statistics**
- **Population (2016)**: 43,847,000
- **GDP per capita (2014)**: 54,349
- **Inflation rate**: 1%
- **Population growth rate (2010-2015)**: 1%
- **Access to improved drinking water**:
  - Urban areas: 99%
  - Rural areas: 100%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 72.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: 61.5
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 89.5
- **Labour force participation by males**: 74.4%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 48.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 7.3%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 99
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 129
- **CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 189,819/4.5

**Timeline of NUP**
- 1960 - 2020

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**Argentina, Latin America & the Caribbean**

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Bahamas, Latin America & the Caribbean

8511 GDP per capita (2014)
393,000 Population (2016)
1.5% Population growth rate (2010-2015)
-0.3 inflation rate
98.4% access to improved drinking water - rural areas
98.4% access to improved drinking water - urban areas
51.5% forested area (% of land area)
3110/8.2 Co₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)
69.5% labour force participation by females
79.1% labour force participation by males
78.1 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
72 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
15.1% unemployment (% of labour force)
82.9% urban population
N/A Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
N/A Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

National Development Plan

Ministry of Works & Urban Development

N/A

Bahamas, Latin America & the Caribbean

Timeline of National Urban Policy


1960 2030 1970 2040

2016

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

N/A
### Belize, Latin America & the Caribbean

- **GDP per capita**: 1699 (2014)
- **Population**: 367,000 (2016)
- **Population growth rate**: 2.2% (2010-2015)
- **Inflation rate**: N/A
- **Access to improved drinking water**: 98.9% (rural areas)
- **Access to improved drinking water**: 60.3% (urban areas)
- **Labour force participation by females**: 56.1%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 83.5%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females**: 72.7 (2010-2015)
- **Life expectancy at birth - males**: 67.2 (2010-2015)
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 11.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 18.3
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 30.1
- **Population**: 44%
- **GDP per capita**: 1699 (2014)
- **Inflation rate**: N/A
- **Access to improved drinking water**: 98.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 56.1%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 83.5%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females**: 72.7 (2010-2015)
- **Life expectancy at birth - males**: 67.2 (2010-2015)
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 11.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 18.3
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 30.1

#### Timeline of NUP

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#### Leading Agency for Urban Development

- **Belize, Latin America & the Caribbean**

#### Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 517/1.5
- **Inflation rate**: 11.6%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 11.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 100%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 83.5%
- **Access to improved drinking water**: 98.9%
- **Access to improved drinking water**: 98.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 56.1%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 83.5%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females**: 72.7 (2010-2015)
- **Life expectancy at birth - males**: 67.2 (2010-2015)
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 11.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 18.3
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 30.1
- **Population**: 44%
- **GDP per capita**: 1699 (2014)
- **Inflation rate**: N/A
- **Access to improved drinking water**: 98.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 56.1%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 83.5%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females**: 72.7 (2010-2015)
- **Life expectancy at birth - males**: 67.2 (2010-2015)
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 11.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 18.3
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 30.1

#### UN-Habitat

**For a Better Urban Future**
The plan focuses on the urbanization dividend, demographic dividend, intermediary cities, and the three main metropolitan areas in Bolivia.

The development of the NUP is in collaboration with UN-Habitat and UNDP; it is being funded by SIDA.

The law addresses urban developments within municipalities. It provides regulations, frameworks, and management tools that support the implementation of the law. The law focuses on establishing public order and social interest. It promotes the development of urban property that considers the collective safety and welfare of its citizens, and the environment.

The city statute is an implicit NUP as it does not address all aspects that a NUP should.

**Focus**

The law addresses urban developments within municipalities. It provides regulations, frameworks, and management tools that support the implementation of the law. The law focuses on establishing public order and social interest. It promotes the development of urban property that considers the collective safety and welfare of its citizens, and the environment.

**Comments**

The city statute is an implicit NUP as it does not address all aspects that a NUP should.

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

National Development Council

**Status of NUP**

Implementation Phase

**Link**

[QR Code]

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

Law 10,257 2001 City Charter, and The City Charter New tools to ensure the right to the city in Brazil. (El Estatuto De La Ciudad Nuevas herramientas para garantizar el derecho a la ciudad en Brasil).

**Timeline of NUP**


**GDP per capita**

2,346,523 (2014)

**Population (2016)**

209,568,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

0.9%

**Inflation rate**

8.7%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**

87%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**

100%

**Forested area ( % of land area)**

59.3%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**

503677/2.5

**Labour force participation by females**

56.5%

**Labour force participation by males**

78.7%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

77.9

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

70.3

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

6.8%

**Urban population 2010-2015**

1.2%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

53.4

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

39.6
The National Urban Development Policy (NUP) focuses on improving the quality of life by addressing urban development, decentralizing decision making, providing a guide for policy reform, and creating opportunities for social development and private investments. The policy has five main themes: social integration, economic development, environmental balance, cultural identity and heritage, and institutional and governance reforms.

The NUP has been formulated by the OECD and reviewed the status of urban development and urban policies. Therefore, the NUP is going through two stages simultaneously: implementation and monitoring.

Notes:
- National Urban Development Policy
- Ministry of Housing and Urban Development
- Leading Agency for Urban Development
- Monitoring and Evaluation

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development

Status of NUP

Link

Timeline of NUP


Population (2016)

258,062 GDP per capita (2014)

18,132,000

1.1% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

3.8 inflation rate

93.3% access to improved drinking water - rural areas

99.7% access to improved drinking water - urban areas

23% forested area (% of land area)

83171/4.7 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

50.6% labour force participation by females

74.5% labour force participation by males

84.1 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

78.1 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

6.4% unemployment (% of labour force)

89.5% urban population

1.2% 2010-2015

81.3 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

92.3 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

84.1 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

2010 2020 2030 2040 2013
The main objectives of the policy are to integrate planning of its urban agglomerations through Systems of Cities, to support local governments in implementing System of Cities and to follow the trend of regionalization, and to ensure coherence between the urban plans of municipalities and the desired actions and plans of the Ministry of Housing and Territory.

The national development planning laws are prepared every four years, in accordance to the presidential term. The territorial planning laws at the municipal, metropolitan and national levels are the responsibility of the legislative assembly.

Implementation National Council for Economic and Social Policy


UN-HABITAT
FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE

Status of NUP

Title of NUP

National Policy for the Consolidation of System of Cities (Política Nacional Urbana- Sistema de Ciudades)

Focus

The main objectives of the policy are to integrate planning of its urban agglomerations through Systems of Cities, to support local governments in implementing System of Cities and to follow the trend of regionalization, and to ensure coherence between the urban plans of municipalities and the desired actions and plans of the Ministry of Housing and Territory.

Comments

The national development planning laws are prepared every four years, in accordance to the presidential term. The territorial planning laws at the municipal, metropolitan and national levels are the responsibility of the legislative assembly.

Leading Agency for Urban Development

Implementation National Council for Economic and Social Policy

Link

Implementation Phase

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development


Colombia, Latin America & the Caribbean


Timeline of NUP


377,740

GDP per capita (2014)

48,654,000

Population (2016)

1%

Population growth rate (2010-2015)

7.5

Inflation rate

73.8%

Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

52.8%

Tree forested area (% of land area)

57.9%

Labour force participation by females

79.8%

Labour force participation by males

77.4%

Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

70.2%

Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

9.1%

Unemployment (% of labour force)

76.4%

Urban population (2010-2015)

1.3%

Urban population (2010-2015)

47.9%

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

54.8%

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

7.5

CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

89625/1.9

Population growth rate (2010-2015)

1%

Inflation rate
The PLAN GAM for Costa Rica focuses on: law and citizen participation, landscape continuity and identity, climate change emissions, risk management, territorial management tools, and strengthening public participation and management.

**TITLE OF NUP**
Plan for Metropolitan Area

**FOCUS**
The PLAN GAM for Costa Rica focuses on: law and citizen participation, landscape continuity and identity, climate change emissions, risk management, territorial management tools, and strengthening public participation and management.

**COMMENTS**
PLAN GAM is not an explicit NUP; it is a development plan for Greater Metropolitan Area, PlanGam2013 (Plan Nacional de Desarrollo Urbano para la Gran Area Metropolitana)

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Housing and Human Settlements

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
N/A
The plan focuses on offering solutions on land use and allocating production activities and services.

**TITLE OF NUP**

Technical assistance to revision of physical planning system

**FOCUS**
The plan focuses on offering solutions on land use and allocating production activities and services.

**COMMENTS**
- There is an Explicit NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
EcuRed

**STATUS OF NUP**
Feasibility Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
General plan on land use planning, Land Management and Urbanism General Plan of the Municipality, and Comunidad, IPF, Cuba, 5/95.
Dominica, Latin America & the Caribbean

533
GDP per capita (2014)

73,000
Population (2016)

0.4%
Population growth rate (2010-2015)

0.2
Inflation rate

97.5%
Access to improved drinking water - rural areas

132/1.8
CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

58.5%
Forested area (% of land area)

45.0 (2001)%
Labour force participation by females

70.2 (2001)%
Labour force participation by males

78.2
Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

73.8
Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

11 (2001)%
Unemployment (% of labour force)

69.5%
Urban population

N/A
Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

Implementation Phase

Title of NUP
N/A

Focus
N/A

Comments
N/A

Leading Agency for Urban Development
Congress

Status of NUP
N/A

Link

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development
N/A
The law promotes a more balanced territorial development by providing infrastructure, services, regional development and competitiveness strategies to create regional diversity.

Focus:
The law acts as a partial NUP.

Comments:
The law acts as a partial NUP.

Leading Agency for Urban Development:
Congress

Status of NUP:
Implementation Phase

Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development:

Timeline of NUP

Dominican Republic, Latin America & the Caribbean

63,969 GDP per capita (2014)

10,649,000 Population (2016)

1.2% Population growth rate (2010-2015)

1.6% inflation rate

81.9% access to improved drinking water - rural areas

85.5% access to improved drinking water - urban areas

39.7% forested area (% of land area)

22072/2.2 CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)

52.2% labour force participation by females

78.7% labour force participation by males

76.5 Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)

70.2 Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)

14.5% unemployment (% of labour force)

79% urban population

2.3% 2010-2015

36.4 Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

58.8 Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

Organic Law of National Development

2012

2010

2020

2030

2040
The objective of the plan is to create productive, equitable, and sustainable cities.

Ecuador is interested in developing an explicit NUP.

Ministry of Urban Development and Housing

Implementation phase

Statutory Habitat, Land and Housing Management Act (Ley Orgánica de gestión del Hábitat, suelo y Vivienda), National Territorial Strategy, and Land Management Plans (Ex. Metropolitan Land Management Plan of Quito).

Ecuador, Latin America & the Caribbean

TITLE OF NUP
National Development Plan for Good Living 2013-2017

FOCUS
The objective of the plan is to create productive, equitable, and sustainable cities.

COMMENTS
Ecuador is interested in developing an explicit NUP.

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Ministry of Urban Development and Housing

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Statutory Habitat, Land and Housing Management Act (Ley Orgánica de gestión del Hábitat, suelo y Vivienda), National Territorial Strategy, and Land Management Plans (Ex. Metropolitan Land Management Plan of Quito).

LINK

El Salvador, Latin America & the Caribbean

**GDP per capita (2014)**
25,164

**Population (2016)**
6,146,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
0.3%

**Inflation rate**
0.6%

**Access to improved drinking water**
- Rural areas: 86.5%
- Urban areas: 97.5%

**Access to improved drinking water (2010-2015)**
6359/1.0

**Labour force participation by females**
49%

**Labour force participation by males**
79.1%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
6.2%

**Urban population (2010-2015)**
1%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
27.5

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
30.1

**Un-Habitat is supporting the development of the NUP which is being funded by the Central American Bank for Economic Integration (BCIE).**

**Title of NUP**
National Urban Policy

**Focus**
The plan focuses on the housing deficit, local community development, and sustaining peace (non-conventional violence prevention).

**Comments**

**Leading agency for urban development**
Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources

**Status of NUP**
Feasibility Phase

**Other documents or guidelines for urban development**
The NUP focuses on local competitiveness, the urban agenda GE, and sustaining peace (non-conventional violence prevention).

The NUP is being developed with assistance from UN-Habitat and it is being funded by the Central American Bank for Economic Integration (BCIE).

K'atun: Our Guatemala 2032 (2012), Municipal Development Plan, and Land Management Plans

Secretary of Planning and Programming of the Presidency

Feasibility Phase

K'atun: Our Guatemala 2032 (2012), Municipal Development Plan, and Land Management Plans

GDP per capita: 58,827 (2014)

Population: 16,673,000 (2016)

Population growth rate: 2.1% (2010-2015)

Inflation rate: 4.4%

Access to improved drinking water: 98.4% urban areas, 33.7% rural areas

CO2 emission estimates: 13597/0.9 tons per capita

Labour force participation by females: 41%

Labour force participation by males: 83.4%

Life expectancy at birth: 75 females, 67.9 males (2010-2015)

Unemployment: 2.8% (2010-2015)

Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop: 17.8 (2014)

Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop: 18.9 (2014)

Percent forested area: 67.9%

Access to improved drinking water: 98.4% urban areas, 86.8% rural areas

Inflation rate: 2.8%

Unemployment: 41% (2010-2015)

Labour force participation by females: 83.4%

Labour force participation by males: 51.6% urban population, 2.9% (2010-2015)

Life expectancy at birth: 17.8 females, 18.9 males (2010-2015)

Guatemala, Latin America & the Caribbean
Haiti, Latin America & the Caribbean

**TITLE OF NUP**
Politique nationale du logement et de l’habitat (PNLH) (National policy Housing and Urban Development)

**FOCUS**
Housing and Habitat Policy

**COMMENTS**
The urban development policy is an explicit NUP but no details on implementation, monitoring and evaluation. With the EU, Haiti is in the process of developing an explicit NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Urban Development and Housing (Ministerio de Desarrollo Urbano y Vivienda)

**STATUS OF NUP**
Diagnosis Phase

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Statutory Habitat, Land and Housing Management Act (Ley Orgánica de gestión del Hábitat, suelo y Viviendas), National Territorial Strategy, and Land Management Plans (Ex. Metropolitan Land Management Plan of Quito).

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**Timeline of NUP**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>2030</td>
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<tr>
<td>1970</td>
<td>2020</td>
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<tr>
<td>1980</td>
<td>2010</td>
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<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>2000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**GDP per capita** (2014) 8,599

**Population (2016)** 10,848,000

**Population growth rate** (2010-2015) 1.6%

**Inflation rate** 1.7%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas** 75.5%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas** 93.4%

**Forested area ( % of land area)** 51.2%

**Carbon emission estimates (tons per capita)** 43527/2.8

**Labour force participation by females** 48.9%

**Labour force participation by males** 79.6%

**Life expectancy at birth - females** 75.5%

**Life expectancy at birth - males** 72.8%

**Unemployment (% of labour force)** 3.8%

**Urban population** 63.7%

**Inflation rate** 1.9%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)** 34.6%
The Housing and Urban Development Policy focuses on the housing sector policy, financing housing in the private sector (including the finance of expansion plans), human settlement risk management, and technologies oriented towards affordable housing. It also proposes strategies on improving property tax for local authorities.

**TITLE OF NUP**

Housing Policy and Urban Development (Política de Vivienda y Desarrollo Urbano)

**FOCUS**

Explicit NUP

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

Department of Housing and Urbanism

**STATUS OF NUP**

Implementation Phase

**LINK**

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT


**Honduras, Latin America & the Caribbean**

- **GDP per capita**: 19,497 (2014)
- **Population (2016)**: 8,190,000
- **Population growth rate (2010-2015)**: 1.5%
- **Inflation rate**: 2.7%
- **Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**: 83.8%
- **Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**: 97.4%
- **Forest area (% of land area)**: 43.2%
- **Forest area**: 9065/1.1
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 9.065
- **Labor force participation by females**: 47%
- **Labor force participation by males**: 84.4%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 75.4
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: 70.4
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 3.9%
- **Urban population**: 54.7%
- **Inflation rate**: 2.5%
- **2010-2015**
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
Jamaica, Latin America & the Caribbean

**GDP per capita (2014)**

13,927

**Population (2016)**

2,803,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**

0.4%

**Inflation rate**

2.3

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**

89.4%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**

97.5%

**Forest area (% of land area)**

31%

**CO₂ emission estimates (tons per capita)**

7726/2.8

**Labour force participation by females**

57.6%

**Labour force participation by males**

72.1%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

77.9

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

73.1

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

13.7%

**Urban population - % 2010-2015**

54.8%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

39

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

97.5%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**

89.4%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**

97.5%

**Inflation rate**

2.3

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**

77.9

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**

73.1

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**

13.7%

**Urban population - % 2010-2015**

54.8%

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

39

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**

97.5%

**Leading Agency for Urban Development**

Ministerio de Ambiente y Recursos Naturales (Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources)

**Status of NUP**

N/A

**Link**

N/A

**Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development**

Sectoral programs
The policy focuses on controlling the expansion of urban areas and strengthening cities to improve the quality for its inhabitants, ensuring social, economic and environmental sustainability, promoting sustainable mobility policies and increasing connectivity, and reducing vulnerability to natural disasters.

**FOCUS**

**COMMENTS**

This is an explicit NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

SEDATU (Secretary of Agrarian, Land and Urban Development)

**STATUS OF NUP**

Implementation Phase
The General Land Management Policy guides land use in a sustainable manner. It includes managing natural resources, prevention and mitigation of natural disasters, strengthening the administration of the State in the territory, inter-institutional coordination and management of the autonomous regional and municipal governments and civil society in terms of land management.

**TITLE OF NUP**
National Sustainable Development Strategy

**FOCUS**
The General Land Management Policy guides land use in a sustainable manner. It includes managing natural resources, prevention and mitigation of natural disasters, strengthening the administration of the State in the territory, inter-institutional coordination and management of the autonomous regional and municipal governments and civil society in terms of land management.

**COMMENTS**
There is a partial NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Presidency of the Republic of Nicaragua

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**LINK**

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**Nicaragua, Latin America & the Caribbean**

- **GDP per capita** (2014): 6,150,000
- **Population (2016)**: 11,806
- **Population growth rate** (2010-2015): 1.2%
- **Inflation rate**: 3.5%
- **Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**: 64.9%
- **Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**: 99.3%
- **CO2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**: 4569/0.8
- **Labour force participation by females**: 48.9%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 80.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**: 77.5
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**: 71.4
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 5.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 58.8%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: N/A
- **Inflation rate**: 5.6%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 48.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 80.2%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 80.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - males**: N/A
- **Life expectancy at birth - females**: N/A
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 1.7%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: N/A
- **Inflation rate**: 7.0%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force)**: 8.9%
- **Labour force participation by females**: 80.2%
- **Labour force participation by males**: 80.2%
- **Life expectancy at birth - males**: N/A
- **Life expectancy at birth - females**: N/A
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: 1.7%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**: N/A
The law, which was approved in October of 2009, facilitates sustainable development. It focuses on urban land management while considering the social and environmental functions of properties.

There is a partial NUP

National Assembly

Implementation Phase

N/A

FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE
The law enhances the role of municipalities in matters of planning, urbanism, and land management. The law focuses on planning through the Sustainable Development Plan of the Municipality and the Urban and Land Management Plan.

There is a partial NUP

The Congress of the Paraguay Nation Sanciona with Force of Law (El Congreso de la Nacion Paraguaya Sanciona con Fuerza de Ley)

UN-HABITAT FOR A BETTER URBAN FUTURE

TITLE OF NUP
Municipal Organic Law
3,966

FOCUS
The law enhances the role of municipalities in matters of planning, urbanism, and land management. The law focuses on planning through the Sustainable Development Plan of the Municipality and the Urban and Land Management Plan.

COMMENTS
There is a partial NUP

LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
The Congress of the Paraguay Nation Sanciona with Force of Law (El Congreso de la Nacion Paraguaya Sanciona con Fuerza de Ley)

STATUS OF NUP
Implementation Phase

OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT
The Sustainable Development Plan and the Urban and Territorial Management Plan.
The plan contains guidelines for a new model of urban management and sustainable development. The plan focuses on an integrated approach between urban and rural areas. The objective is to implement the process of political decentralization and economic de-concentration.

**COMMENTS**
This is an explicit NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Ministry of Housing Construction and Sanitation

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
National Urban Development Policy

**GDP per capita (2014)**
201,809

**Population (2016)**
31,774,000

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
1.3%

**Inflation rate**
3.6%

**Access to improved drinking water - rural areas**
69.3%

**Access to improved drinking water - urban areas**
91.5%

**Forested area (% of land area)**
58.1%

**Co2 emission estimates (tons per capita)**
57154/1.9

**Labour force participation by females**
65.5%

**Labour force participation by males**
71.2%

**Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)**
76.8

**Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)**
71.5

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
3.3%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
N/A

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
N/A

**Population growth rate (2010-2015)**
1.3%

**GDP per capita (2014)**
201,809

**Population (2016)**
31,774,000

**Unemployment (% of labour force)**
3.3%

**Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
N/A

**Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)**
N/A
The plan is based on three principles: competitive economy, healthy environment, and improving quality of life.

**TITLE OF NUP**
Comprehensive Plan for Strategic Sustainable Development

**FOCUS**
The plan is based on three principles: competitive economy, healthy environment, and improving quality of life.

**COMMENTS**
N/A

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Planning Board and Governor’s Office

**STATUS OF NUP**
N/A

**LINK**

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Comprehensive Plan for Strategic Sustainable Development

****

**Puerto Rico, Latin America & the Caribbean**

- **103,676** GDP per capita (2014)
- **3,681,000** Population (2016)
- **-0.1%** Population growth rate (2010-2015)
- **N/A%** access to improved drinking water - rural areas
- **55.2%** forested area (% of land area)
- **34.2%** labour force participation by females
- **83.2** Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015)
- **75.2** Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015)
- **13.9%** unemployment (% of labour force)
- **70.4 (2013)** Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)
- **100.4 (2013)** Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014)

**GDP per capita:**
- 103,676 (2014)

**Population:**
- 3,681,000 (2016)

**Population growth rate:**
- -0.1% (2010-2015)

**Access to improved drinking water:**
- N/A% - rural areas
- N/A% forested area (% of land area)

**Labour force participation:**
- 34.2% females

**Life expectancy at birth:**
- 83.2 females (2010-2015)
- 75.2 males (2010-2015)

**Unemployment:**
- 13.9% of labour force

**Tertiary education enrolment:**
- 70.4 males (2013)
- 100.4 females (2013)
**Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Latin America & the Caribbean**

- **GDP per capita (2014):** 729
- **Population (2016):** 110,000
- **Population growth rate (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Inflation rate:** -0.1%
- **Access to improved drinking water - rural areas:** 69.2%
- **Access to improved drinking water - urban areas:** 95.1%
- **Forest area (% of land area):** 209/1.9
- **Labour force participation by females:** 56.3%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 77.4%
- **Life expectancy at birth - females (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Life expectancy at birth - males (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 19.7%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 70.7%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 50.6%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** N/A
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** N/A
- **Urban population (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Inflation rate:** 19.7%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 77.4%
- **Male tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 70.7%
- **Female tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):** 50.6%
- **Forest area (% of land area):** 209/1.9
- **Labour force participation by females:** 56.3%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 77.4%
Trinidad and Tobago, Latin America & the Caribbean

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Title of NUP</th>
<th>Focus</th>
<th>Comments</th>
<th>Leading Agency for Urban Development</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Spatial Development Strategy for Trinidad &amp; Tobago</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ministry of Housing &amp; Urban Development</td>
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<th>Status of NUP</th>
<th>Link</th>
<th>Other Documents or Guidelines for Urban Development</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
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</table>

### Timeline of NUP

- 1960
- 1970
- 1980
- 1990
- 2000
- 2010
- 2020
- 2030
- 2040

### Key Data

- **GDP per capita (2014):** 28,069
- **Population (2016):** 1,365,000
- **Population growth rate (2010-2015):** 0.5%
- **Inflation rate:** 3.1%
- **Access to improved drinking water:**
  - Rural areas: 95.1%
  - Urban areas: 95.1%
- **Forest area (% of land area):** 45.1%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 52.6%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 73.7%
- **Life expectancy at birth-
  - Females (2010-2015):** N/A
  - Males (2010-2015):** N/A
- **Tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):**
  - Male: 52.6%
  - Female: 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** N/A
- **Carbon emission estimates (tons per capita):**
  - Rural areas: 46542/34.5
  - Urban areas: 34.5
- **Inflation rate:** 3.3%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 8.4%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 73.7%
- **Labour force participation by males:** 52.6%
- **Life expectancy at birth-
  - Females (2010-2015):** 66.9
  - Males (2010-2015):** 52.6
- **Tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):**
  - Male: 73.7%
  - Female: 52.6%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 8.4%
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  - Males (2010-2015):** 52.6
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  - Males (2010-2015):** 52.6
- **Tertiary education enrolment per 100 pop (2014):**
  - Male: 73.7%
  - Female: 52.6%
- **Unemployment (% of labour force):** 8.4%
- **Labour force participation by females:** 73.7%
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This is a partial NUP.

**TITLE OF NUP**
Law and Land Use and Sustainable Development

**FOCUS**
N/A

**COMMENTS**
This is a partial NUP.

**LEADING AGENCY FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Senate and House of Representatives of the Oriental Republic of Uruguay

**STATUS OF NUP**
Implementation Phase

**OTHER DOCUMENTS OR GUIDELINES FOR URBAN DEVELOPMENT**
Iterdepartmental Plans of Land Management and Sustainable Development.
The law guides the general process for planning and land management. It considers the ecological realities and principles, sustainable development, citizen participation, and economic and social development.

This is a partial NUP.

